BEGIN TO-DAY

Fascinating Romance of Present-Day American Life; a Story of Life and Death, Love and Hate

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By SIDNEY WARWICK

ON PAGE 9 OF To-day's American

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WEATHER FORECAST. Fair To-day and Sunday.

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TO TESTIFY HERSELF

MRS. COOPER DEFIES HER ACCUSERS

Photographed Especially for Boston American.

LORE AND VELMA COOPER, CHILDREN OF WOMAN ON TRIAL.

Woman to Tell Whole Story of Relationship With Northey and Its Tragic Ending. Answer State's Witnesses in Detail.

AUGUSTA, Me., April 7.—Mrs. Alice F. Cooper, who has been on trial here for five weeks for the alleged murder of Charles D. Northey, it was declared to-day, will go on the witness stand in her own defence, face her accusers and tell the whole story of the tragedy that resulted in the death of the young man at her home, October 10 last.

Much of the conversation of Mrs. Cooper that has been related by witnesses called by the prosecution to her disadvantage, the accused woman asserts, has been so twisted that it gives it a meaning entirely different from what was intended.

Under oath Mrs. Cooper will explain all of these remarks and show that they were perfectly harmless when taken in their proper connection.

CHILDREN TO TESTIFY.

Two of Mrs. Cooper's children, a boy and girl, will also be called by the defence to testify as to certain matters relative to her being in the company of young Northey.

The attorneys for the defence will frame their case in a measure out of the point upon which the State relies most strongly to convict the woman.

"The downward and backward course of that bullet is the strongest point in favor of this woman's innocence," said Junior Counsel Amen Merrill Goddard to the BOSTON AMERICAN to-day.

"The peculiar position a man must get himself into to fire an effective shot through the temple, owing to the length and shape of a revolver makes it imperative that the course of the bullet is down ward and backward. The arm is raised and the elbow is raised to about the level of the neck. The hand is lifted and then is best round the butt of the revolver so as the finger can reach the trigger. In nine cases out of ten, the bullets of suicides that have penetrated the temple have come out behind the opposite ear.

WEAKNESS OF STATE'S POSITION

"The State deliberately sets about to put Charley Northey in the rocking chair after their contention that Mrs. Cooper had been chasing him about the room shooting at him, but missing him. They say that, though under fire, he went and deliberately sat down in the rocking chair after the woman had shot twice while she beat over him and killed him.'

If the two were face to face, it has been pointed out, then a bullet fired by Mrs. Cooper would have entered not the right temple, but the left, as both are right handed.

So certain is Mrs. Cooper that she will be acquitted that she has invited to Marion some of her friends to show them just what such village pranks mean as have been told of in her trial.

Two of Alice Cooper's three children will go on the witness stand to help save her. Lore, the oldest, a boy of fourteen years, and Velma, the second, a girl of eleven, have been summoned as witnesses for the defence, and are now in Augusta, staying with their father and mother at the home of Edward Trask on West Chestnut street.

It is understood that the defence will also call Edwin Cooper, the first-born, as the State evidently does not intend to call him, although Mr. Leigh, in opening the case, intimated that he would be a State witness.

It seems probable that had the State intended to call him, it would have done so before this. County Attorney Leigh, on cold several times, when asked about the matter, that he had not decided. There was a report at the court-house yesterday that Mr. Cooper would take the stand during the afternoon, but Mr. Leigh denied it, and the prosecution from Beckwith to Cooper there will be no proof advanced of other than the facts in the case of the State. The State has alleged that Northey was shot while sitting in a rocking chair, and so far has presented no testimony to show that Northey was not in that chair. The means that he has been shown to have been shot in the house in front of the chair in a position which gave the impression that he had slid out of the chair to the floor.

One of the anonymous letters which are alleged to have been written to Marion Casey before Northey died was mentioned in court yesterday during the testimony of Edith M. Given and her mother, Mrs. Sylvia Given. This was the letter addressed to "Miss May Carey, Cooper's Mills, Me.," and is alleged to have been found in the letter box on a post in front of the Given place, a mile from where the Cooper's live in South Windsor.

LETTERS DESTROYED.

It has been said by State officers that this letter and another one, mailed some distance from Cooper's Mills, have been destroyed, and any attempt to introduce evidence in the trial as to the contents of

Continued on Page 3, Column 3.

Grand Jury Returns 58 True Bills and

3 SECRET INDICTMENTS

Stock Broker Flanagan Must Stand Trial on Charge of Gambling.

District Attorney Moran's Disposition of Five Important Cases Still Unknown.

The Grand Jury to-day returned among its other indictments one that were secret. It is not known to which of several cases that were considered these true bills refer.

When the report was made public nothing was said about five cases which the District Attorney presented to the body and in which he was greatly interested.

These were the Charles Street Jail escapes, Robert G. Procter-John G. Bestgen matter, Lawson insurance, Chelsea Bonsai and Crocker will bribery cases.

Among the fifty-eight indictments made public the most important one was that of John V. Flanagan for keeping a common gambling house.

Flanagan was a member of the firm of J. J. Quinlan & Co. of No. 74 Devonshire street. The company ran one of the largest offices in the city carrying on stock transactions. Flanagan was hailed after his arrest in the sum of $500 and his attorney said that his arrest was decided upon as a test case as to whether the business was within the law. Flanagan declares that his is a legitimate stock trading business. He is accused of keeping a bucketshop.

In the report of the action of the Grand Jury nothing was made public about the consideration of the Crocker will case nor the case against Robert G. Procter, private secretary of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, who is charged with having kept $200 which was given him by John G. Bestgen to be handed to the Republican campaign committee.

SON OF OFFICIAL JAILED FOR DUEL

BRESLAU, Prussia, April 7.—Karl Bessel, a lawyer, son of the Prussian Minister of Justice, has been sentenced to four months' detention in a fortress for having fought a pistol duel.

His opponent was a young engineer. The meeting, at which no blood was shed, was the result of a tavern quarrel.

IVAN NORODNY IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, April 7.—Ivan Narodny, Russian revolutionary, head of the attempt at mutiny in Cronstadt last year, and Minister of Domestic Affairs in the provisional government in the Baltic Provinces, is in New York, a refugee, and is staying at the "A Club" in Fifth Avenue. He escaped from Russia in the disguise of an army surgeon with a 30,000 ruble price on his head.

SWIFT'S $22,000,000 TO WIFE AND DAUGHTER

The widow and the daughter of Edwin C. Swift, the beef and provision packer, will share between them his estate when the daughter, Mrs. Clarence Moore of Washington, D. C., reaches the age of thirty years. Mrs. Moore will receive two-thirds of the estate. The widow's share will be one-third.

The estate is now valued at $22,000,000. That value will be decreased, but little by the immediate bequests. Two servants and one friend are the only persons, and a church and a cemetery association, the only institutions besides Mr. Swift's blood relatives, among the beneficiaries. The will was filed for probate at Salem to-day.

Mr. Swift said that as all of his brothers, except Nathaniel, have enough money of their own, he would not leave them anything. To his brother Nathaniel he left $10,000 and 100 shares in Swift & Co.

The will was dated January 11, 1901, and was witnessed by Charles W. Benjamin, Horace H. Sawyer and S. Clifton Bissell. The executors are James F. Lockwood of Hyde Park and Freedom Hutchison of Newton.

The trustees are Gustave F. Swift and Frank M. Crocker of Malden, with Messrs. Lockwood and Hutchinson, and Clarence Moore of Washington, D. C., a son-in-law.

The second clause in the will gives to the wife, Florence A. Swift, the house and lot in Beverly, 250 shares in Swift & Co., 500 shares in Swift Transportation and 250 shares in Swift Refrigerator Company.

Daughter Provided For.

Mabel, the daughter, gets 250 shares of both Swift & Co. and Transportation, and $150,000 with which to build herself a home. Caroline B. Hallett of Bridgeport, Ct., and Sarah B. Swift of Boston each get 100 shares Swift & Co. and $10,000.

The sixth clause gives to Mary E. Dunnells, niece, 100 shares in Swift & Co. and $10,000. Addie Swift Piper, niece, daughter of William Swift, is given 200 shares in Swift & Co. and $10,000. She is also given one-half interest in the house she now lives in, the other half being owned by Gustave Swift.

Nellie Hall, niece, is given fifty shares, Swift & Co., and $5,000. To each of the other nieces who may be found, no names being given, $5,000 is left.

Other bequests are: To Benjamin S. Allen, a friend, 100 shares Swift & Co., and $5,000; to Jean Cannon, a nurse, fifty shares Swift & Co., and $5,000; to Frances Eastman, a nurse, one hundred shares Swift & Co., and $5,000; to Methodist Episcopal church, Saugus, $5,000 to maintain preaching; to Saugus cemetery, $5,000 for care of family lot and improvement of cemetery.

Minor Bequests.

By clause 15 the testator wills 190 shares of the capital stock of Swift & Co. and $10,000 for the use of his nephew's son, Carleton B. Swift. Mrs. Edward Harrisburg, Carleton's mother, is remembered in the following clause in the event of fifty shares of Swift & Co. and $5,000. Fifty shares and $5,000 are left to the nephew's son, Clifton H. Swift. Alfred D. Cowell of Elizabeth, N. J., is given discharge from all indebtedness in clause 18. Clarence Moore, son-in-law, is bequeathed 500 shares in Swift & Co. Gilbert Cowell is given one-third interest in the Elizabeth, N. J., Beef Company. Clause 21 gives Mrs. Josiah C. Bailey of Lowell 100 shares in the company and $10,000.

In clause 26 the trustees are directed to pay the widow, Mrs. Florence A. Swift, $25,000 yearly in equal monthly instalments.

Mrs. Moore is allotted the same amount.

Specials Bear Mourners.

Special trains from New York and Chicago are bearing to Boston mourners for Mr. Swift, whose funeral will be held at Beverly Farms at 11 o'clock to-morrow. A special train will leave Boston for Beverly Farms at 10 o'clock and it will return at the conclusion of the service.

The funeral will be held at the Beverly Farms Episcopal Church. The body will be placed in a receiving vault until Mrs. Swift, who is hurrying back from Gibraltar, arrives.

The honorary pallbearers will be N. E. Hollis, G. W. Hollis, A. C. Lawrence, Edward Tilden, Edwin Chapman, S. E. Hyde, K. Abbott, F. H. Wheeler, Dr. F. M. Johnson, Alfred Jewett, Frank Comstock, George F. Willett, H. B. Peters and C. S. Sargent.

The active bearers will be C. H. Chadbourn, W. S. Glidden, P. Clark, H. O. Heath, F. W. Crocker, J. F. Loykwood, Hunnewell and W. R. Rogers.

GOVERNOR OF TVER IS SLAIN WITH BOMB

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL ATTACKED THIS AFTERNOON AS HE WALKS STREET.

TVER, Province of Tver, Russia, April 7.—While the Governor of Tver, M. Stegtzof, was passing through the principal street of the town at 3 o'clock this afternoon he was killed by the explosion of a bomb.

SCHIDLOFSKI TO DIE IN CHAIR WEEK OF JULY 8

WIFE MURDERER HAS NOTHING TO SAY WHEN SENTENCED BY JUDGE LAWTON.

John Schidlofski, who was found guilty of the murder of his wife, Marciana, at the Arlington golf club links last July, was sentenced to death in the electric chair in the week beginning July 8, by Judge Lawton to-day in the East Cambridge Court.

The entire court proceedings, from the time the Judge ascended the bench until court adjourned, only took three minutes. The prisoner looked more haggard than at the trial, was brought across the street from the jail to the courtroom at 10:50 o'clock.

Gathered in the street to get a glance at him were about 200 people, many of them women. They made no demonstration on the way across the street the prisoner took off his hat in an absent-minded manner and ran his skinny fingers through his cropped locks. The courtroom was well filled when he was taken to the little cage that he occupied during the trial.

The old-time nervousness returned as soon as the prisoner reached the steel cage. His hands shook and his head wobbled about. Judge Lawton appeared and District Attorney Sanderson immediately moved that the prisoner be sentenced. Lawyers Wiswall and Sullivan, named for Schidlofski, were asked if they had anything to say and the former said they hadn't.

The Judge addressed Schidlofski and he stood up. Asked if he had anything to say why the sentence of death should not be passed on him, the haggard man looked at the Judge helplessly. His lips moved and it appeared that he was trying to speak. He stood in that attitude about half a minute and then sank back into the chair.

A court officer motioned him to rise and he did so. The Judge then pronounced the death sentence. The electrocution was set a month later than that of Charles Louis Tucker.

NATIVES FLEE RIVERS OF LAVA

NAPLES, April 7.—One hundred thousand people are fleeing the wrath of Mount Vesuvius, and four cities, besides many small towns, are threatened with the fate that befell Pompeii and Herculaneum nearly 1,900 years ago. The eruption grows more violent every hour, and five separate streams of lava are pouring down the mountain sides, destroying everything below.

Resecreeks, a town of 9000 inhabitants, the town nearest the crater, has been abandoned to the fury of the rivers of lava.

Ottajiano, a commune of 20,000 inhabitants; Terre del Greco, with 30,000 inhabitants, and Portici, with 10,000 inhabitants, are threatened. The cemetery of Resecreeks, a mile above the town, held in great reverence by the peasants, has already been invaded by the lava.

The women of this village, frantic with fright, kneel as they flee by the hundreds near the oncoming stream of molten lava, and with arms upraised invoke a miracle to stay the stream.

IMPORTANT NEWS

Revised Hourly for Busy Readers.

FOREIGN.

FINED YANKEE FISHERMEN $40 EACH.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., April 6.—Captain Morrissey, master of the schooner Election of Gloucester, Mass., and Fred Morrissey, master of the Gloucester schooner Whyland, were fined $40 each yesterday for using "bull tows" inshore and for fishing grounds by throwing offal overboard.

HEAD OF JESUITS DYING FROM CANCER.

ROME, April 7.—Fr. Louis Martin, general of the Jesuit order, whose right arm was amputated in April, 1905, for cancer, is in a serious condition, and is sinking fast, a cardiac having appeared in his bosom.

LONDON PILGRIMS DINE CURZON.

LONDON, Eng., April 7.—The Pilgrims' Society gave a banquet last night to Lord Curzon in honor of the conclusion of his service as Viceroy of India. Ambassador Reid and Consul General Wynne were among the guests.

GERMANS KILL 200 NEGROES.

LONDON, April 7.—A dispatch from Dares Salaam reports a victory of German troops over Wangoni natives in German East Africa, the latter losing 200 killed.

GOLD MEDALS FOR LIFE SAVERS.

LIVERPOOL, April 7.—The Liverpool Shipwreck Society has presented gold medals to Captains Clarke of the Bostonian and Schaan of the Manchurian, silver medals to the subordinate officers of the steamers and money awards totaling $200 to the boats' crews of the vessels who assisted in the rescue of the men of the steamer British King.

KAISER HONORS SWISS POET.

BERNE, Switzerland, April 7.—Emperor William of Germany has presented two paintings of himself and the imperial family to the Swiss poet, M. Heer. The Kaiser sent his congratulations to the author on his latest work, "The Native Tongue."

WASHINGTON.

NEW IMMIGRATION BILL READY.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The House Committee on Immigration yesterday completed its bill to further restrict the coming of aliens to this country. The measure will be reported by Mr. Gardner of Massachusetts, and a minority report will be made by Mr. Bennett of New York.

TO FORTIFY PANAMA CANAL.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Secretary Taft has taken up the fortification of the Panama canal with the President and Secretary Root and it has been decided that in view of its importance the fortification project shall be laid before Congress.

WANTS BIG SUM FOR BOSTON.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Senator Hepburn's plan for Custom House improvements in Boston involves purchasing the property at the head of Long Wharf, now occupied in part for appraisers' stores, and in remodelling the interior. His report is strong in favor of a large appropriation for Boston.

MUST NOT LEAVE WORK FOR RELIGION.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Because a Seventh Day Adventist refused to work on Saturday, Secretary Bonaparte has ordered that persons employed by the government must work the prescribed days and hours, or leave the service.

ROOT WANTS HAGUE MEETING PUT OFF.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—On account of the Pan-American conference previously scheduled to be held at Rio de Janeiro, it is understood here that Secretary Root will inform Russia that the United States can not take part in the Hague conference unless it is postponed to a date much later than July 15. It is believed the postponement will be granted.

NEW ENGLAND.

RELIEF LINE TO NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 7.—The directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad have authorized the construction of a relief line between Greenwich and a point on the Harlem River Railroad near Danbury, at a cost of $2,500,000.

MASONS TO BUILD TEMPLE.

SALEM, April 7.—The Essex and Starr King lodges of Masons voted last night to buy the Brookhouse estate, on the southern corner of Washington and Lynde streets, and to erect a Temple in Masonic Temple.

GIVES $25,000 TO HOSPITAL.

LOWELL, April 7.—Mrs. Josephine C. Ayer has given $25,000 for the children's department and maternity ward of the Lowell General Hospital. Last year he gave $20,000 for a new heating plant and laundry.

SCHOOL TO BECOME A MILL.

NORTH ADAMS, April 7.—The city Council has voted to sell the Morse School property to the Arnold Print Works for $18,000.

WANT MAIL BY TROLLEY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—Postmaster John M. Mason, a postoffice inspector, has gone to New Bedford and Fall River to investigate the question of mail transportation between New Bedford and Wareham by an electric line.

ALL SORTS.

PLAGUE AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7. The British steamship Burnfield, from Bombay, reports two suspicious deaths during her passage and will remain in quarantine till it is decided whether the disease believed to be bubonic plague.

CITY SUES FOR $5,000,000.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.—Suit was begun yesterday by the city against contractors and former city officials interested in the construction of the municipal filtration plant to recover $5,000,000, alleged to have been wrongfully withheld.

WOMEN VOTE FOR PEACE.

TOLEDO, April 7.—The national convention of the Council of Women closed a five days' session yesterday. Chicago was chosen for the next place of meeting. Resolutions adopted declare for peace by arbitration.

DUEL MUST ANSWER.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Justice Joseph M. Deen must answer within ten days the application for his removal as justice of the Court of Special Sessions, according to a decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court.

BOSTON.

MAJOR ELDREDGE PROMOTED.

Major Edward H. Eldredge of Boston has been unanimously elected lieutenant colonel of the Eighth Regiment, M. V. M., to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel Edwin W. M. Bailey to the general staff. Captain Charles H. Cutler of Cambridge has been elected major.

SWIFT'S ESTATE $12,000,000.

Attorney Hutchinson of Boston, who holds the will of Edward C. Swift, declares that the estate is estimated at between $10,000,000 and $12,000,000. The document will be opened within a few days.

$1,500 FOR IRISH CAUSE.

T. B. Fitzpatrick, national treasurer of the United Irish League of America, yesterday went to John E. Redmond a further instalment of $1,500 to aid in maintaining the Irish party.

MAYOR AGAINST HOME LABOR.

Somerville and its labor men are stirred up by Mayor Grimmons's new departure favoring street construction by contract labor. Yesterday the Mayor advertised for contract proposals for the reconstruction and macadamizing of Hudson street, between Central and Lowell streets.

CLERGYMEN VOTE, 84 TO 31, TO SAVE CHARLES TUCKER'S LIFE

Pastors at Methodist Conference for Commutation by Big Majority.

If the fate of Charles Lorin Tucker rested with the clergymen who attended the Methodist Episcopal conference at Malden he would not suffer death in the electric chair for the murder of Mabel Page.

A poll of the ministers taken by the BOSTON AMERICAN showed that out of 115 who voted eighty-four were in favor of the commutation of Tucker's sentence to life imprisonment, and thirty-one opposed to it.

The vote, when it was taken at the close of the death penalty, showed a much greater percentage in favor of doing away with it, 84 so voting, and only one opposed and two non-committal.

The reason for the stand that some of the members have taken on this question are given in the following interviews:

Rev. Dr. Park A. Bradford, a descendant of colonial Governor William Bradford, for years taken a prominent part in the determination of public questions in the eleventh district in Kansas City.

"I signed the commutation petition. There is a great doubt as to whether his guilt was conclusively proven in court. Under the circumstances, it would be a great mistake to execute him. Punishment is not the main object of the law.

"If a confession of guilt is obtained and sincere repentance is made to the criminal, we are doing more for the future welfare of that man and the salvation of his soul than all the punishment in the world can do."

Rev. J. A. Bowler, of Framingham, is opposed to commutation. He said:

"Let the law take its course. Tucker has been given all the benefits of the courts. If any further help can be given a doubt of his guilt he would not have been convicted.

Rev. L. H. Sweet, of Chester, said:

"It would seem that a committee of men who had not heard all the evidence to pass an opinion and to attempt to overthrow the decision of the judges and jury. As the courts have decided, so I would say let the penalty be imposed."

Rev. J. Frank Crumpton, of Somerville, said: "I believe that no one should take the life of any man in punishment for a crime. The death penalty is not so severe as life imprisonment.

"I don't believe Tucker guilty, and I'm opposed to capital punishment," said Rev. E. C. Bridgham, of Medford.

JULIA WARD HOWE SIGNS PETITION TO SAVE C. L. TUCKER

Residents of the Back Bay district are taking an unexpected interest in the effort to save Charles L. Tucker from the electric chair. Many names of notable persons were added yesterday to the long roll of petitioners for executive clemency, chief among them was Mrs. Julia Ward Howe. Following her name came those of Miss Louise Chandler Moulton, writers, Louise Chandler Moulton and Grace Le Baron Upham. Other prominent Back Bay residents to sign were Mrs. Judith Andrews, Miss Marie E. D. and Miss Ruth E. Garland, of No. 409 Beacon street.

Mrs. Ernestine M. Kettle, a prominent Summer resident of Weston, Mrs. Benjamin Hammond, the wife of a witness at the trial; Miss Frances J. Byrer, pastor's assistant at the Union Church, the Rev. W. H. Winslow, LL. D.; C. L. Eaton, of the S. S. Pierce Company, H. P. Binney of Brown Bros. & Co., bankers; Mrs. Andrew Adgate, president of the New Bedford W. C. T. U., and Representative W. C. Dunham of Nantucket were also among the signers.

Clergymen Would Save Tucker's Life

Methodist clergymen voting on Tucker's fate	115
Favor commutation of sentence to life imprisonment	84
Opposed	31
For abolishing capital punishment	112
Opposed	1
Non committal	2

KNIFE CURES WIFE OF SON OF MRS. EDDY

Mrs. Glover, Christian Scientist for Years, Turns to Surgery for Relief.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, April 7. Christian Scientists are surprised over the announcement that Mrs. William Glover, a daughter-in-law of Mrs. Mary Baker Glover Eddy, the founder of Christian Science, has been operated upon for the removal of a tumor in the Augustana Hospital in this city. For eight years she has closely followed the teachings of the religion that her mother-in-law had founded and had tried with prayer to cure herself.

Finding that her trouble was growing worse, she entered the Augustana officials. Dr. A. J. Cohoner, assisted by his brother, performed successfully an operation for the removal of the large tumor.

The day after the tumor was removed Mrs. Glover received a telegram from her mother-in-law congratulating her upon the improvement in her condition. The young woman's husband is the son of Mrs. Eddy by her first husband, Colonel W. T. Glover, who remained in the hospital for two weeks after the operation was performed. He has been removed with his husband to Lead, S. D., where she now lives.

According to reports, she is now in perfect health, a condition she never enjoyed until she changed from prayer to the surgeon's knife as a means of relief.

CHAUFFEUR AND GIRL RUN AWAY AND WED

NEWPORT, R. I., April 7.—Edward A. Lindberry, a chauffeur and an inventor of several devices for automobiles, and May Donohue, a pretty Pennsylvania girl, eloped in Philadelphia, but failing to find a minister who would tie the knot because of the girl's youth, they journeyed to New York, where they were wed. The bride is eighteen and Lindberry is thirty-one.

RICH HEIRESS ASKS VOTES AS WEDDING GIFT

Lady Mary Hamilton Defeated in Bye-Election by Wife of Liberal Candidate.

LONDON, April 7.—Lady Mary Hamilton, the richest heiress in the United Kingdom, and the fiancee of the Marquis of Graham, took the stump for her intended husband in the campaign preceding the bye-election held yesterday. She was opposed by Mrs. Pearson, wife of the Liberal candidate, who spoke to the voters in behalf of her husband.

In the section for the Northeast of Essex division of Suffolk, Mr. Pearson, Liberal candidate, defeated the Marquis of Graham by a vote of 4,508 to 4,371. The Liberal majority in the recent general election was 1,717. The election aroused unusual interest on account of the prominent part played in it by Lady Mary Hamilton, who took an active part in trying to secure the election of the Marquis by asking for votes as a wedding present for herself.

Pearson's wife was not to be outdone by Lady Hamilton, and made appeals also in favor of her husband which won him the seat. Nearly all the electors who voted went to the polls in response to the appeals of the ladies.

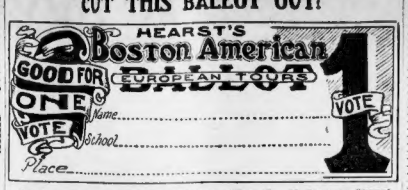
2 KILLED; 20 HURT; BOILER EXPLOSION

VIENNA, Austria, April 7.—A boiler explosion which occurred to-day at Elsingers' Waterproof factory destroyed the boiler house and an adjoining residence. Thirty persons were buried in the ruins. Two persons were killed and twenty seriously injured in the accident.

SENATOR ALGER TO QUIT.

DETROIT, April 7.—United States Senator R. A. Alger announces that he will not be a candidate to succeed himself in the Senate next year, owing to the condition of his health.

CUT THIS BALLOT OUT!



Bring vote to the Boston American office, No. 80 Summer Street, or mail it to European Tour Editor, P. O. Box 3431, Boston.

EUROPEAN TOUR ELECTION

THOUSANDS OF VOTES CAST FOR TEACHERS

MINNIE DONOVAN AND VIOLET CREBER RECEIVE VOTES AND FORGE TO FRONT.

New leaders are coming to the front in the Boston and Metropolitan Division of the European Tour Election, to decide the forty most popular New England school teachers, who will be sent on tours of Europe free this Summer by the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Miss Violet Creber, who yesterday had but 14,000 votes, is to-day credited with over 18,000. She is close behind Miss Donovan.

Into eighth place to-day goes Miss Anna L. Maguire of the Henry Vane School, West Roxbury, one of the youngest and most popular instructors in that section of Boston. She gained an even 8,000 votes yesterday, overtaking the Misses Elizabeth Rogers, Elizabeth Hutchison and Catherine Doran in the day's voting.

Long leads a candidate for whom thousands of votes are being held back until the proper moment. She is Miss Ethel J. Wenman of the Ingalls School, Lynn, her supporters declare that within a day or two there will have sufficient coupons to place Miss Wenman's name in the forefront of the fight, and then they will send in their ballots.

Marty Massachusetts Gains.

Kedderine McCarthy of the Ward Street School, Worcester, the latest candidate from that wide-awake city, which has several representatives in the election, is making great headway. She gained 5,000 votes yesterday, and is now credited with 20,889 votes. Her gain places her name above those of Ella Farrington of the Ames School, Lowell, and Grace D. Hammond of West Newbury.

There were many other pronounced gains in the Massachusetts division. Margaret Jamieson of the Howard School, Lowell, received over a thousand coupons, and now has 4,625. Anna L. Fox of the Davis School, Fall River, gained 5,000, and is to-day credited with 10,000 votes. Emeline A. Criswell of Seekonk was forced up to a total of 5,000 votes.

From Sanford, Me., came an order for 2,000 of the SUNDAY AMERICAN in advance, for which 22,000 votes are to be credited to Miss Agnes Cummings of Providence, R. I. This places Miss Crowell in a tie for head of the Rhode Island contest but division, with Miss Catherine Hallihan, of Providence, second. The name of Miss Crowell is William Crumpler, of the Hotel Sanford, Sanford, Me., well of the Hotel Sanford, Sanford, Me.

THE LETTER BOX.

Here are some of the letters received by the European Tour Editor:

Miss Wenman is the best teacher in Lynn, for I have been through the schools and Central and can speak with at least one teacher, that is Miss Wenman.

Miss Downes is the best I have ever had, and I think she ought to be on also.

M. G. S.

Credit the enclosed 334 votes to Miss Agnes Cummings. She success be back.

A FRIEND.

Here are 2,000 votes for Miss Catherine Hallihan, the best instructor of St. Gertrude Branch, that's all.

A SCHOLAR.

L. C. B. C. We are doing what we can to send the votes to head the list, and hope that the members of other schools will help us.

ST. GERTRUDE BRANCH, C. C. B. I.

Enclosed find 100 votes for Miss Mary Clark, Wollaston School, Wollaston. We hope she will win. There are more to follow.

HARRIS W. BERRY.

One hundred votes for Miss Sarah Division, South High School, Worcester. I hope she will have the lead in a few days.

WORCESTER.

Thirty-one votes for Miss Sarah Division, whom I hope to see one of the winners.

MRS. HARRIS W. BERNER.

Here are 108 votes for Miss Bessie Jane Bartlett. May she win a trip to Europe.

A FORMER PUPIL.

Boys and girls of the Lewis School, see if you can get 50 votes for Miss Isabella Lewis. I'm sure I have had Miss Mary B. Tyng, she worked me hard, but I know now it was for my own good and I am thankful for it.

A FORMER PUPIL.

Enclosed are 1,500 votes for Miss Katherine C. Delbridge, the School, Lawrence. I am sure she will win.

ONE OF THE TEACHER'S.

Fifty votes for Miss Katherine Hallihan, Ames School, Lowell. I am glad for friends are working on.

ELIZ. A. BRADY.

We have had 222 votes for Miss Hall, Hildreth School, Lowell. I hope that those will help out a little.

A SCHOLAR.

How You May Help a Teacher Win a Tour

First—Clip the ballots from the AMERICAN.

Second—Order your copies of the SUNDAY AMERICAN NOW.

Send 20 cents for the delivery of your copies of the SUNDAY AMERICAN for the next four weeks and give your teacher FIFTY EXTRA VOTES.

Send 50 cents for your SUNDAY AMERICAN for the next ten weeks and you give her 140 EXTRA VOTES.

Send $1.50 for your SUNDAY AMERICAN for thirty weeks and give her 1,000 EXTRA VOTES.

Name your favorite teacher and mail your order written on the Special Ballot printed on this page.

The price of the SUNDAY AMERICAN is the same—five cents the copy.

The Special Ballot removes the incentive to buy clipped ballots or hold back votes—either early or late—in the European Tour Election.

HERMIT FACES MURDER CHARGE

Following under the weight of his four score years, Samuel Samuelson, the aged hermit of West Quincy, presented a sad spectacle in the Superior Court in Dedham yesterday, charged with the murder of Giovanni Favorita. Samuelson was unable to hear the clerk when the charges were read, so Richardson ordered a plea of not guilty to be entered. Favorita was found with a wound in his head and his lads had terrific struggle with kerosene, the son said that Favorita and he were drinking in a table and the lamp exploded, burning Favorita.

GORKY ON WAY; CAN LAND HERE

WASHINGTON, April 6. The announcement from Paris last night that Maxime Gorky, the Russian revolutionist and author, was on his way to the United States aboard the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse was news to the Bureau of Immigration. The bureau is not in possession of information tending to debar him from landing, and it was stated that Gorky's alleged offence in Russia was against what the officials believed to be a form of government of oppression and not against an organized government.

MAD BOAR ATTACKS FARM MANAGER

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 7.—Frank E. Wallace, superintendent of George E. Wallace's dairy farm, was attacked by a bear yesterday afternoon and badly wounded, both legs being lacerated by the tusks of the beast and the bones of one crushed.

HONOR HARVARD PROFESSOR.

Professor Charles R. Lanman, of Harvard, has been elected an honorary member of the Society Asiatique of Paris. Only four other Americans have been thus honored.

CROWD OF GIRLS SAIL FROM HUB

A jolly crowd of girls from Des Moines, Ia., had nearly everything their own way on the White Star liner Canopic, which sailed early to-day for the Azores and the Mediterranean. The party was in charge of Mrs. M. Locke Macomber of Des Moines. Other tourist parties were on board from Chicago, Los Angeles and San Francisco. The saloon list, 197 passengers, is the largest taken out of Boston this season.

Among the passengers are Mr. and Mrs. Charles Major of Indianapolis. Mr. Major will visit Perosine de Turcelle, Northern France, the scene of his book, "Yolanda, Maid of Burgundy." The party is in charge of Mrs. M. Locke Macomber of Des Moines. Other tourist parties were on board from Chicago, Los Angeles and San Francisco.

$1,000 FIRE IN DWELLING.

Fire early to-day damaged the two and one-half story wooden dwelling at No. 46 Brookdale road, Brighton, to the amount of more than $1,000, as reported by Fire McManus. The fire practically destroyed John F. Bandouine, a millionaire sportsman, everything on the lower floor.

A Daily Treat

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA TEA

Black, Mixed, Green or Oolong

Not just as good as others, but incomparably the best.

Sealed Lead Packets Only

Refuse Substitutes

TRIAL PACKET 10c AT YOUR GROCER'S.

32 BOYS WANT TO BE SAILORS

Thirty-two boys, ranging in age from fourteen to seventeen years, applied for the annual entrance examinations to the Massachusetts nautical training ship Enterprise, which began to-day on board the ship and will continue until about the middle of May. Commandant W. F. Low, U. S. N., Lieutenant F. Churchill, U. S. N., Chief Engineer R. E. Carney, U. S. N., Chief Engineer W. H. R. Bringhurst, U. S. N. A. R. Cushing, navigating officer, and N. L. Sampson, executive officer, comprise the examining board. Tech Enterprise will start on her annual tour June 1.

MONTH'S DIAMONDS WORTH A MILLION

NEW YORK, April 7.—Figures given out by George W. Mindil, an expert in the valuation of precious stones in the general appraisers' stores, show the value of the diamonds imported here in the month was $1,062,854, a larger total than in the preceding month or the preceding year. The next largest total was $848,840, in March, 1905.

CHILD KILLED BY AUTO.

NEW YORK, April 7. Joseph Maniet, five years old, was killed in Jamaica last night by an automobile driven and owned by John F. Bandouine, a millionaire sportsman.

CANDIDATES AND THEIR STANDING

Following is a list of candidates having 1,000 votes or more in the European Tour Election:

Boston and Metropolitan District.

Rachel Bassock, Lewis, Roxbury	72,071
Miss Lannery, Winthrop, Winthrop	70,000
Claudie Pilsbury, Adams, East Boston	67,804
Katherine V. Prescott, Bellingham, re-posted	62,000
Susan Gould, Lafayette, Everett	30,620
Edith L. Bragg, Lewis, Roxbury	30,000
Madeline Eagleton, Washington	28,881
Anna Lee Maguire, Henry Vane, W. Roxbury	28,000
Miss Duffin, Bigelow, Somerville	24,711
Elizabeth Rogers, Prescott, Charlestown	24,627
Catherine Phillips, Lewis, Roxbury	24,000
Kate Reed, Washington	20,964
Miss Wood, Harvard, Cambridge	19,627
Minnie Donovan, Quincy	18,783
Violet Creber Ruffell, Dorchester	18,000
Mary E. Donovan, Eliot	17,841
Miss Ellis, Bigelow, Somerville	17,711
Miss Duffin, Bigelow, Somerville	17,711
Mary Rouse, Bradford, Beachmont	10,223
Mary Burgin, Lewis, Roxbury	10,000
Mary A. Hawett, Dudley, Roxbury	8,702
Miss Ellis, Dana, Cambridge	8,500
Ida H. Davis, Quincy	8,257
Mabel Wilson, Bradford, Beachmont	8,000
Grace V. Gardner, Bringham	6,161
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	6,000
Alice M. Greenough, Prescott, Charlestown	5,447
Mabel Collins, Prothingham, Charlestown	4,471
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	4,000
Lillian K. Lewis, Lincoln, South Boston	3,423
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	3,000
Sarah Davidson, Agassiz, Jamaica Plain	2,891
R. M. Brooks, Stearns, Waltham	2,000
Ina Billings, Gibson, Dorchester	1,888
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	1,000
Alice M. Ryan, Hyde Park, Dorchester	1,000
Katherine Gifford Bennett, Somerville	1,417
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	1,000
Edith Marshall, Lincoln, Wakefield	**2,227**
Reinhardt, Thayer, Agnes Otis, East Boston	2,000
Gertrud A. Wetterbee, Washington, Medford	2,100
Mabel Collins, Prothingham, Charlestown	2,000
Margaret A. Ryan, Emerson, Malden	2,000
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	2,000
Theresa Reynolds, Bigelow, Somerville	1,982
Susan D. Waldron, Hyde Park	1,982
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	1,000
Miss Bassett, Newton Upper Falls	1,778
Harriet Ryan, Ed. Everett, Dorchester	1,000
Gertrude Merrill, Bloomingdale, Chelsea	1,000

Massachusetts, Outside Boston.

Edna M. S. Barrett, Jackson, Newburyport	262,487
Nellie Bullenan, South High, Worcester	177,500
Alice A. Gilman, Main, Worcester	95,902
Annie V. McInerny, Howarth, Worcester	75,346
Theresa Sweeney, Burncoat, Worcester	70,000
Leonora Tuxhale, Walnut, Clinton	54,470
Mary E. Lee, Summer, Worcester	50,000
Annie Mellen, Millbury, Worcester	39,000
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	30,000
Susan Driscoll, Indian Neck, E. Wareham	28,000
Mary E. Lee, Summer, Worcester	20,000
Mary Bernadette, Bridgewater, Middleboro	19,000
Helen Kennedy, Hampshire, Lawrence	18,477
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	18,000
Edith Cunningham, Gill	21,575
John Cushman High, Beverly	21,000
Edith Farrington, Ames, Lowell	20,828
Dr. Hammond, West, Newbury	20,000
Katherine McCarthy, Ward St., Worcester	20,000
Miss Hammond, Howard, Lowell	19,000
Alice E. Bassett, North, Chelmsford	18,000
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	18,000
Mary Anna Gerard, Lincoln, Worcester	15,000
Julia Burke, Pleasant, Marlboro	8,272
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	8,000
Katherine Doherty, Oak, Lawrence	4,815
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	4,000
Mabel M. Emery, Segregansett, Dighton	3,332
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	3,000
Winnifred Fairbanks, Gardner	2,642
Hanna S. Perry, Perry, Greenfield	2,642
A. Preston, Prospect, Beverly	2,000
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	2,000
Mary Clark, Wollaston	1,729
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	1,000
Ethel Bates, Princeton, Mass	1,751

Rhode Island and Connecticut.

Agnes Cummings, Broad, Providence	192,647
Catherine Hallihall, America, Providence	143,784
Mary E. Rocks, Providence	115,402
Grace L. Allen, Valley, Bristol	113,595
Anna L. Hallihan, Hillsdale, Providence	112,000
Gertrude T. Brennan, Hope St., Woonsocket	105,462
Madeline G. Dunn, High, Woonsocket	92,000
Robina B. Allan, Garfield, Cent. Falls, R. I.	81,492
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	81,000
Mabelle McKeen, Bridge, Providence	80,000
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	73,000
Mary A. Hallihan, Hillsdale, Providence	47,156
Grace L. Milligan, Central Falls, R. I.	41,000
Helen Lindley, So. Woodlawn, Pawtucket	30,601
Florence H. Rhodes, Thayer, Providence	24,862
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	24,000
Elizabeth Rogers, Woodlawn, Pawtucket	19,629
Mary M. Poll, Thayer, Providence	19,000
Mary Donovan, Providence, R. I.	15,307
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	15,000
Lottie M. Scott, Providence	9,469
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	9,000
Kimball Street, Providence, R. I.	4,000
Athen Murray, Duncanville, R. I.	3,000
Miss Pike, Dean, Academy, Providence	2,500
Cecilia Moore, Julian, Providence	2,442
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	2,000
Mrs. H. Wells, Stonington, Ct.	2,500
Miss P. Rockwell, Auburn, Auburn	2,000
Grace Crosby, Harris, River Point, R. I.	1,500
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	1,000
Sarah L. Boardman, Elm, Riverside, R. I.	1,750

Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont.

Katherine L. Monahan, Oak, Berlin, N. H.	160,000
Isabel Kenerson, Main, Gorham, Me.	97,000
Mary G. Connelly, North, Portland, Me.	97,000
Mary Gertrude Connelly, North, Portland, Me.	97,000
Mabel Hancock, Broad Turn, S. Portland	14,800
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	14,000
Nellie M. Worth, Bresor, Me.	42,195
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	42,000
Margaret H. Foley, Keene, N. H.	16,000
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	16,000
Mabel Hancock, Broad Turn, S. Portland	10,500
Minnie Hopkins, Concord, N. H.	10,241
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	10,000
Sarah G. Johnson, Brandon, Vt.	5,000
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	5,000
Annie M. Warner, Newton Junc., N. H.	3,353
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	3,000
Annabelle Landers, Youngsville, Manchester	4,371
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	4,000
Florence Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	3,129
Florence Carter, Woodsville, N. H.	2,272
Ellen Parker, Franklin Falls, N. H.	2,000
Alice Workman, Bellows Falls, Vt.	1,662
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	1,662
Charlotte M. Bedge, Irasburgh, Vt.	1,393
Agnes M. Tuttle, Bellows Falls, Vt.	1,393
Anna Green, Pembroke, N. H.	1,282
Miss Hall, Hildreth, Lowell	1,000

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Health is Sanford's Ginger. No dealer or household should be without it. Look for the seal. *

NOT A "PATENT MEDICINE."

Scott's Emulsion is not a "patent medicine." It has no secret ingredients. Your doctor can, no doubt, tell you as much about it as we could. We have merely perfected the method of blending the Norwegian cod liver oil, hypophosphites of lime and soda and glycerine. As one grocer will blend coffee better than another so we have succeeded in making Scott's Emulsion a little better than any other cod liver oil preparation. There's no "patent" and the only secret is the secret of knowing how, with the perfected mechanical means at hand to do it. Get Scott's and you get the perfect emulsion. It's the greatest thing in the world for regaining strength and flesh lost through wasting.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

One Dollar Humor Cure

$1.00

Complete local and constitutional treatment for every humor from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, OINTMENT, and PILLS, may now be had of all druggists for one dollar.

Lloyd's Kryptok Integral Bifocal

Lenses: For and Near glasses united in a single pair.

The far and near parts are secured together by heat; they cannot fog or spot. They will not need repairs—except for breakage.

Andrew J. Lloyd & Co.

2 Stores { Down Town, 315 Washington St. / Back Bay, 310 Boylston St.

THE ORIGINAL WILSON BROS.

WATCHMAKERS

Jewellers, moved across the street from our old store next to the Big Four Kettle, 35 Court St. Have purchased the Big Four Kettle. Wilsons no longer interested in the Hanover st. store.

ASTROLOGY.

MADAM SHANNON, entered palmist, 33 Winchester st., off Ferdinand st., from 10 to 8.

Sunday American Special Ballot.

Teacher .....

Town or City .....

Amount ($) ..... No. of Votes.....

SEND PAPERS TO THE FOLLOWING PERSONS:

Number of Sundays.	Name and address.

Newsdealer desired .....

His address .....

"I AM ALMOST HAPPY," MRS. COOPER TELLS ELEANOR AMES

Woman on Trial for Murder of Charley Northey, at Home With Her Dear Ones, Forgets Her Troubles in the Joy of the Moment.

By Eleanor Ames.

Special to the Boston American.

AUGUSTA, Me., April 7.—With her arms about her little daughter Velma and her son Lore's hand clasping hers, Alice Cooper, sitting at home last night, presented a marked contrast to the pale, sad-faced woman who sits in the court room with the charge of murder resting over her.

"You look almost happy," I said.

"I am almost happy and almost content just now," she replied, a smile lighting her face and her big dark eyes shining with affection, as she glanced from one to the other of her children. "It seems so good to have my children with me; only I wish Ralph was here to complete the family."

Edwin Cooper sat across the room smiling indulgently at the group.

It seems a little more like home to have the children around," he remarked, his voice growing a bit husky.

"I wish we were all back home," came in hearty tones from the children themselves.

"We must be patient for awhile," said their mother, quietly.

Velma nestled closer to her and sighed with a sweet contentment, I think that even if her own home was denied her, she still had her mother—the mother she loves so dearly and has missed so much.

IS CHILDREN'S GHUM.

She is a strong, hearty, healthy-looking child, who inherits her mother's brilliant coloring and soft brown hair, but promises to be much larger than Mrs. Cooper when a grown woman. The perfect neatness which marks Alice Cooper's attire is also shown in the dress of the child. She wore, when I saw her, a pretty dark blue sailor suit, well made and carefully adjusted.

Lore is tall, very tall for a lad of fourteen, evidently a Cooper in stature, for he has much the same physique that his father must have had at his age. Like his mother and sister, he has a dark, ruddy complexion and fine, large expressive eyes. He shows a certain courtesy and deference toward his mother which is delightful, having not the slightest suspicion of awe or fear, but a perfect understanding and trust. Mrs. Cooper has always been a companion to her children, and they have looked upon her as a playchum as well as mother.

I talked not long ago with a woman who has known Alice Cooper intimately for many years. "Alice Cooper has a child's heart," she told me. "She has never seemed to grow up. Why, many times I have seen her romping and playing with her children as though she were one older than they. Tag, hide and seek, whatever they fancied, interested her. She has been a devoted mother, but to me she has always seemed to have remained a girl."

LOVED BY YOUNG FOLKS.

The evidence of the past few days has given credence to this. Nearly all her closest companions were the youngest people of the community. To them she was a leader and an inspiration. They loved to have her join their various parties, and depended upon her to help arrange for a good time. And apparently the mothers of the young girls of the town felt perfectly safe to entrust their daughters to Mrs. Cooper's care.

She may now be "a dreadful woman," "a brazen thing," the entire end of that boy, Charley Northey, but up to the very day that Charles Northey met his death Alice Cooper was smiled upon and accepted. Mothers allowed their daughters to go to her house to attend var ous social affairs with her, to remain over night, assess under her roof. The propriety of accepting her hospitality was never questioned then. Nor, even at that time, all this talk about her friendship with Charley Northey was becoming about. Alice Cooper was entirely ignorant of the gossip.

"I never heard one word of gossip about Charley Northey and myself until his death," she said. "If I had, do you suppose I should have allowed it to continue? Or have given my permission to call? I have heard some of the very women who are now talking of me talking to others. I never liked to hear it, but I didn't realize I know what it meant until I felt it myself.

SUCH A DIFFERENCE.

"I didn't know that every little word and act could be misconstrued, and so misunderstood. It is wonderful to me what people remember, and what not, too, as well as what they forget. It makes such a difference to the story whether the whole or only a part is told."

I sit in the court room and listen to the stories told on the witness stand, and watch the glances of indignation and amazement which are cast upon Alice Cooper by her former friends and neighbors as they hear them whisper about her as she passes. I wonder what would have happened had Charley Northey lived and the friendship between the two continued.

Would Alice Cooper have been an outcast in Society?

Would the women and men of the community have ignored her as one who had transgressed the laws of propriety?

Would the disapproval of the people who now condemn her, have been vented upon her?

Or, would she have continued an active member of the church and social life. Would she have remained a librarian, Sunday school teacher, church treasurer? Would the parents of school children have allowed the town to name her as the one who should drive the children back and forth to school? Would the professors of christianity have flocked to her prayer-meetings, drank deep in her exhortations, joined in the singing which she led?

If Alice Cooper is guilty of having shot Charley Northey from motives of jealousy, then months before his death she was a woman with whom decent woman should not be associated. If Charley gossiped among themselves about her conduct, then blame them for her social association with a woman capable of such a life.

$200 FIRE IN SOUTH BOSTON CLUBHOUSE

A lighted match thrown carelessly on the floor started a fire in the building No. 120 Ninth street, South Boston, occupied by the National Athletic Association, causing damage of $200, this morning. The building is a frame structure, and is owned by Andrew F. Kraus, the Boston Flooring Company and the athletic association.

FATALLY BURNED OVER STOVE

While lighting a fire in her kitchen stove early to-day Mary Ryan, a widow, forty-five years old, of No. 3 Gibson court, set fire to her clothing and received severe burns on her arms and body. She was taken to the Massachusetts General Hospital, where she may die.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Marian Carey, from a new photo of Charlie Northey's Fiancee.

Jealousy of this Girl, it Is Charged, Led Mrs. Cooper to Shoot Charles Northey.

Is Mrs. Cooper Guilty?

All New England is interested in the woman who is being tried at Augusta, Me., for the murder of Charles Northey.

Is she guilty or is she not?

The BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN will print something about this famous trial that will appeal to every person in the New England States.

It will be a sensation in this trial which involves a woman's freedom.

It will appear only in the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

In addition there will be unfolded the most important story that has yet been told about this woman's life.

Watch for the Boston Sunday American

TELLS OF FATEFUL MEETING IN CHURCH

Miss Rosie Clifford, the chum of Marian Carey, on the witness stand told how young Northey had repulsed the advances of Mrs. Cooper at the Christian Endeavor meeting on the Sunday evening previous to the Tuesday when the tragedy took place.

Northey had gone to the church with Miss Carey and Miss Clifford. He sat down in the rear of the room alone. Mrs. Cooper looked to him. Miss Clifford said, but he refused to go to her. Later Mrs. Cooper moved to beside Mrs. Cooper, and, according to other witnesses the couple quarrelled.

The State will claim that it was this quarrel that led Mrs. Cooper the next day to buy the revolver with which Northey was shot, and that Northey's attentions to Miss Carey were the cause of the trouble.

MRS. COOPER SMILES AT GIRL.

Miss Cooper listened to the girl's testimony with a smile on her face. Her demeanor was that of a person who did not consider the testimony was of great moment.

Miss Clifford, who is fifteen years old, was first asked by Mr. Leigh about the Christian Endeavor meeting on Sunday night.

"I went to the church with Charley Northey and Marian Carey," she said. "Marian was at my house and Charley came on his wheel. We went to the church together. Marian and I went in by the west door and went up to the organ. Charley went in by the other door and stayed at the back of the church. We stayed at the organ for a few minutes and then sat down about four pews from the front. Mrs. Cooper was sitting in the same seat, next to Marian.

"I saw Mrs. Cooper come in and sit at the back of the church. I turned around more and saw her beckon to Charley Northey. He did not go to her. Later I saw him sitting with her. I did not turn around to see what happened then."

WENT HOME TOGETHER.

"When Marian and I went home Charley Northey and Percy French went with us. Charley and Marian stayed until about 10 o'clock. Percy did not come in. Marian's mother came for her and she went home."

Asked about the entertainments at Grange Hall Miss Clifford said:

"I went to quite a number at that hall that Spring and Summer. I saw Mrs. Cooper with Northey three times, once at a Grange meeting and at two ice cream sales. We played games one evening the last of July and had recitations. Marian, Ruth Stanley and Susie Johnston were all there. We played 'chase the squirrel.'"

Mrs. Cooper and Charley Northey were sitting together at one side of the hall. Ruby Doe and Arthur Lowell were to speak to Charley. When we approached Mrs. Cooper stopped to talk to Arthur and smiled. I said to Mrs. Cooper, 'Charley can't leave you, can he?' She smiled again.

"Did Marian Carey ask you to get Charley to play?" asked Mr. Leigh.

"No, sir, she did not," replied the witness. "Marian was playing games and we went back and played, too."

"Was Charley Northey ever at your home with Marian Carey during that Spring and Summer?" asked Mr. Leigh.

"Yes, sir, twice, I think."

On cross-examination Miss Clifford said that she and Marian Carey were the same age. They went to school together a great deal. They went to school together and were in the same class.

Q—During the month before Northey died did you see Marian Carey with Percy French? A—Only once at the Christian Endeavor meeting.

Q—How many times in the month after Northey died? A—Not at all.

Q—Did Percy French pray during the services?

A—Audibly? Yes, sir.

Q—And there was some singing? A—Yes, sir.

Q—Now, about the ice cream sale. Did Marian Carey play with Charley Northey? A—Yes, sir.

Q—The game is played in couples, is it not? A—Yes, sir.

FORGETFUL, AGAIN.

Q—Who was your partner? A—I don't remember.

Q—Wasn't it Marian Carey with a handkerchief tied around her arm to represent a boy? A—I don't remember.

Q—Have you ever played that game with Marian Carey and her in the dark?

Q—Is that ball and that Summer? A—Yes, sir.

Q—Was Velma Cooper there. A—Yes, sir.

Q—Did you see Danforth Drake and his sister? A—Yes, sir.

Q—Did you hear Marian Carey ask Northey to come and play in the game? A—No, sir.

Q—Did either you or Marian Carey go to Northey and ask her to get him to come and the rest to come and play. A—No, sir.

Q—Did you hear Marian Carey say to Velma and Charley to come and play? A—I didn't hear it.

Q—Did Marian Carey say to you, "Rosie, you make them come?" A—No, sir.

Q—Did you go with Ruby Doe to try to get Charley to play? A—Yes, sir.

Q—What did you say to him? A—I don't remember.

Q—What did Ruby Doe do? A—I don't remember. She said something to him.

Q—Can't you remember what she did? A—She took him by the hand and tried to pull him along.

Q—And then you leaned over and said to Mrs. Cooper, "Charley can't leave him, can he?" A—Yes, sir.

Q—Northey did not play, did he? A—No, sir.

Q—He stayed with Mrs. Cooper? A—Yes, sir.

Q—Who was your partner after that. A—I don't remember.

The Hammock Scene.

Edith Given, a black haired girl of about fourteen, was the next witness. She corroborated Mrs. Burton Moody's testimony about seeing Mrs. Cooper and Northey in a hammock back of Emery Cooper's store and was then asked about a meeting of the Grange in November, 1904.

"I went to that meeting," she said, "and stayed all night at Edwin Cooper's. In the morning Mrs. Cooper drove me home. I live on the same road as the Coopers, but nearer Augusta. Mrs. Cooper asked me how our mail went and I told her the stage driver, Harvey Morse, took it from the box in front of the house, near the entrance of the driveway. The house is back from the road about thirty-five rods and there is a lane bordered with trees leading up to it. When we got to my house I went in. I stayed about five minutes and then came out and walked down toward the road to a place where I could see the entrance to the lane. Mrs. Cooper was there in her team and she had just turned the horse round so that he was headed toward her home at South Windsor. She drove away and I did not see her again until after the mail is usually taken from our letter box by the driver about 9 o'clock. It had not been taken that day. It was too early. After Miss Cooper drove away I went into the house and talked to my mother and then I came out again and went to the letter box. It was a little after 9 o'clock.

"The noon recess intervened Miss Given's testimony. It is believed that the state will try to show by her testimony that a letter addressed to Marian Carey was in the letter box when she went there, and will claim that it was an anonymous letter, containing threats.

HEARD THREE SHOTS NEAR COOPER HOUSE

Special to the Boston American.

Three shots in succession, the sounds coming from the direction of the Cooper house, were heard by Edmund Mullaney on the afternoon that Charles Northey was killed. Mullaney testified today that he was a little over half a mile away when he heard the shots and that they were loud and distinct.

A. P. Moody and Timothy Harrington, who were at work with Mr. Mullaney, corroborated his testimony. Mr. Moody however said he thought the shots were gun shots. Edmund Mullaney, the first witness, said that he lived about a half mile from Edwin Cooper's house.

On October 19, he said, "I was digging potatoes with Albert Moody and Timothy Harrington. The distance from the field where we were at work to Cooper's house has been measured and found to be 262 feet and some inches over half a mile.

"Sometime after dinner, I think about 2 o'clock, I heard three shots in succession from the direction of the Cooper house.

On cross-examination Mr. Heath brought out the fact that the land between the pea field and the Cooper house was by no means level. Mr. Mullaney said the shots sounded loud and distinct.

W. H. Getchell, a civil engineer, was next called. He drew on the blackboard a plan showing the location of the Cooper house and the field where Mr. Mullaney was at work and testified to the contour of the land.

Albert Moody, examined by Mr. Leigh, said:

"I heard three gun shots while I was at work in the field. The shots came in succession—one, two, three. The sound came from the direction of the Cooper house."

On cross-examination Mr. Heath witness said the shots sounded like gun shots. He knew them to be gun shots by his neighborhood. Partridge hunting was good at that time.

Q—The shots were so loud you thought they were gun shots? A—Yes, sir.

Q—Was it a clear day? A—Yes, sir.

Q—Good hunting day? A—Yes, sir.

RICH PLUMS FOR NORRIS AND NOLAN

Former Liquor Dealers Get Soft Berths at City Hall, Former Succeeds Martin.

Two of the choice political plums that have been hanging on the mayoralty tree awaiting dislodgement have fallen into the open hands of former Aldermen Michael W. Norris and James F. Nolan.

Norris is named as penal commissioner to succeed John P. Martin. The salary will be $5,000. Nolan gets the place of superintendent of public buildings, and will draw $3,000 a year. Both men quit the saloon business at the beginning of the city.

The appointment of Norris gives Ward 12 recognition, and comes as a direct reward for political work done in the Mayor. When the primary campaign opened it was found that the leaders of both factions in Ward 13 favored the nomination of Edward Fitzgerald for Mayor. Then it was that Norris stepped into the fight, opened personal headquarters, and, with Ex Alderman Desmond as a lieutenant, made many good things for Fitzgerald and carried the ward.

Ex Alderman Nolan is the lieutenant of President William F. McClellan of the Democratic City Committee, lives in Ward 1 and has been slated for a position from the first, as he was one of the first of the Board of Aldermen to declare for Fitzgerald. The filling of these places has not yet been announced by the Mayor's literary bureau, but the two fortunate ones do not profess like hooping the goods news a secret, and both admitted to the BOSTON AMERICAN reporter to-day that they were taken care of and only awaited the time when they would begin to draw salary.

NOT GUILTY OF BOY'S DEATH, CHUTE'S PLEA

Teamster Charged With Manslaughter Arraigned, Held in $1,000 Bonds.

John H. Chute, the Somerville teamster, accused of causing the death of eleven year-old Augustine A. Lupo, when arraigned in the municipal court to-day before Judge Forsaith, pleaded not guilty to the charge of manslaughter. He was held in $1,000 bonds for a continued hearing next Friday.

The principal witnesses against Chute were four small Italian boys, who testified that the automobile which killed Lupo was about five feet, eight inches tall, stout, ly built and had bushy hair. Chute is said to answer to this description. He has a bushy hair. He was represented by Attorney James Brennan.

Many children from the Paul Revere School on Prince street will attend the funeral to-morrow of Lupo.

Judge Forsaith said that the bid was carried from the Relief Station, where he died, to his home. The boy will be buried in his confirmation clothes, and his remains, inclosed in burial robes, surrounded by burning candles, till the hour of service.

The fathers of St. Leonard's church, on Prince street, of which the boy and his parents attended, will officiate.

Augustine was an only child, and his parents are inconsolable. His mother has remained herself by weeping and has been compelled to take to her bed. The father sits in a corner with his head in his hands and refuses to eat or sleep. Friends and relatives are anxious over the condition of both.

Medical Examiner McDonald in his report states that the boy met his death by concussion of the brain and cerebral hemorrhages.

CHILDREN HELP TO SAVE THEIR MOTHER

Continued from First Page.

these letters will be bitterly fought by the defence. Marian Carey undoubtedly will be called as a witness to-day. It was expected that she would be called yesterday, but so much time was consumed in gathering up loose ends of the case that her name was not reached. There are still three or four witnesses to be called before her. She probably will be asked about the letters, especially the "May Carey" one, but it will be for the court to decide whether or not she shall tell of them.

The first mention of the letter was made by County Attorney Leigh in his examination of Edith Given, a slight, dark-haired girl of about fourteen years. Questioned by him, she said:

"I went to a meeting of the grange at Windsor Corners in November, 1904, and stayed that night with Mrs. Edwin Cooper. I live on the same road as the Coopers, but a little nearer Augusta. The next morning Mrs. Cooper drove me home. She asked me how we went out mail, and I told her Harvey Moore, the stage driver, took it from the letter box, which is on a post at the entrance to the lane leading from the road to our house. Our house is set back about thirty-five rods from the road.

FOUND LETTER IN BOX.

"I saw Mrs. Cooper in her team, near the letter box, at the entrance to the lane. She had just turned the horse around, so that he was headed towards her home in South Windsor. She drove away, and I did not see her again that day.

"I went into the house and spoke to mother and then went out to the letter box. I think it was a little after 9 o'clock. I took the mail into the house, and in it I found a letter addressed to Miss May Carey. I carried it out that afternoon when the stage driver was due on his return trip and put it in the box. That was on Saturday. The driver did not collect the mail, so I took the letter into the house again, and on Monday put it back in the box. It was not collected that day either, so Tuesday morning, when I went to South Windsor, I took it with me and mailed it at the postoffice in Henry Cooper's store."

COPIED RECITATIONS.

When Mr. Heath started the cross-examination he drew on the blackboard a plan showing the main road running past the Cooper house and the lane leading from it. Then he had Miss Given locate the letterbox on the plan.

He questioned her very closely about the location of the team when she says Mrs. Cooper in the road and she located it on the blackboard as a few feet from the letterbox, towards Augusta.

Mr. Heath then produced some recitations and a dialogue which Miss Given had copied from a book for Mrs. Cooper. She admitted that they were in her handwriting and said she had copied them for Mrs. Cooper to be used at a neckie sociable to be given the week that Charley Northey died.

Mrs. Cooper drove me to school Tuesday morning, the day Mr. Northey died, to take the children to school every morning. She usually carried eleven in her team.

SAW MRS. COOPER ON ROAD.

Mrs. Sylvia Given, mother of Edith, took the stand. Mrs. Given is a rather severe looking woman, who admitted, when asked, that she is fifty-eight years old. Ex-amined by Mr. Leigh, she said:

"I remember that Edith went to a grange meeting in November, 1904, and stayed at the Cooper's all night. Mrs. Cooper brought her home the next morning between 8 and 9 o'clock. I saw Mrs. Cooper in the yard when she brought Edith home. When she drove away Edith came into the house and took off her wraps. She was in the house perhaps five or ten minutes and then went out.

"I looked out of the window and saw Mrs. Cooper driving along the road towards Augusta. She was coming from the direction of South Windsor, as if she had just started for home and then turned around. A little later I saw her driving back again over the same stretch of road.

"I think Edith went to the letter box before she came back to the house. When she came in she had some papers and two letters. One of the letters was for me and the other was addressed to Miss May Carey, Box 20, Mills, Me."

"What became of that letter?" asked Mr. Leigh.

"Edith took it back to the box, but as it was not collected, she took it with her to South Windsor and mailed it there. I think that was on Monday."

DID NOT REMEMBER.

Harvey Moore, the stage driver, was also called in connection with this letter. He said that he did not ever remember having seen it, and that he certainly never put it in the box. Mr. Heath cross examined him at some length, but he stuck to the admission that he could not remember anything about the day he left no letter that was addressed to Miss Carey, as alleged to have been found in the box.

Before Mrs. Given testified Dr. Sturtevant was recalled to the stand. This was done at the request of Mr. Heath, counsel for the defence snowed the doctor a typewritten document purporting to be a copy of his evidence at the preliminary hearing before Mr. Cooper before Judge Andrews, and asked him if he had signed this paper. Dr. Sturtevant admitted that the signature was his. He said that the report had been handed him by Fred Lee, the stenographer who took it, and he had been asked to sign it. He could not remember how long it was in his possession before he signed it and returned it to Mr. Lee.

Mr. Heath called his attention to a number of corrections in the typewritten matter, and asked if he had made them. He admitted having made one.

CHANGED REPORT.

"According to this report," said Mr. Heath, "you testified before Judge Andrews that the track of the wound in Northey's penis was scraped. On your direct examination here you denied having so testified. Is the stenographer's report wrong? Or did you give this testimony before Judge Andrews?"

"I don't remember," said Dr. Sturtevant. "I think there was a misunderstanding on that subject at the hearing."

"But you didn't correct that part of the report," said Mr. Heath, "and you did make at least one correction in the report, and you signed your name to it. That's all."

Percy French was also recalled and questioned by Mr. Heath about the letter which was written by the grange at Cooper's Mills. He said that he remembered several ice cream suppers there and thought he had attended one of them.

Q—Were Alice Cooper and Charley Northey there? A—I don't know.

Q—Was Marian Carey there? A—I don't know.

Q—Was Mr. Cooper there? A—I don't know.

Q—Do you remember playing "Chase the Squirrel" at the supper you attended? A—Yes, sir.

Q—Did Marian Carey play? A—I don't remember.

Q—Did Ruby Doe play? A.—I don't remember.

Q—Did Rosie Clifford play? A.—I don't remember.

MUCH FORGOTTEN.

Q.—Did Susie Johnson play? A.—I don't remember. I remember that all played at the supper, but I can't remember the dale.

Q.—Do you remember the night when Charley Northey and Marian Carey took a table part? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Do you remember that Marian Carey played with a handkerchief tied to her arm to show that she was taking the part of a boy? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Do you remember that some of the young people tried to get Northey to play in the game?

Q.—What did he say? A.—I don't remember. He would not play.

On redirect examination, French said that he never saw Northey to play twice, but Mr. Heath asked him:

"Didn't you tell me you went to Northey and ask him to play?" A.—Myself.

Q.—Marian Carey told you to ask him? A.—I don't remember.

Q.—Rosie Clifford told you to ask him? A.—I don't remember.

Q.—Is Clifford told you to ask him? A.—I don't remember.

Q.—Can you remember anything when a question is asked you by the defence?" asked Mr. Heath.

"Yes, sir," replied the witness, mildly.

Clarence Plummer was recalled to the stand. He was given the sheet worn by Northey at the time of his death and told to measure the height of the heels, Mr. Heath saying that it was an important detail in the case of the defence. Mr. Leigh suggested that if this was so important the measurement should be taken by an engineer, and Mr. Heath agreed.

Mr. Heath asked if the State would admit that Northey was buried without shoes and Mr. Leigh, after ascertaining from Coroner Plummer that such was the fact, did so.

The witnesses at the morning session of the court were Ruby Doe and Rosie Clifford. Miss Doe gave her direct testimony Thursday and showed loss of memory. On cross-examination yesterday she was affected the same way and could not remem-

ROYAL
Baking Powder
Made from pure cream of tartar.
Safeguards the food against alum.
Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

RAYMOND
The great wholesale hat stock of the Coe-Ray-Creelman Company, 27 and 29 Otis st., and 106 and 108 Arch st., Boston, all sold out to Raymond by the trustees, enables us to give our people the greatest hat values in the world. Regular $2 hats 95c. Regular $3 hats $1.50.
Three whole clothing stocks same way, all ready. Yours truly.
RAYMOND,
352-4-6 Washington St. 31-33-35 Hawley St.

CITY OF BOSTON.

BOARD OF POLICE.

1198 Notice is hereby given that Michael A. Morton, Michael J. Morton and Robert M. Morton, as Trustees under the will of Michael Morton, late of Boston, deceased, will sell at public auction on the premises, No. 1 Washington st., on Wednesday, April 18, 1906, at 12 o'clock noon, all the furniture and fixtures of the hotel business now carried on at said premises.

BOARD OF POLICE.

1199 Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Davis, Jr., of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, has assigned to the undersigned, Charles A. Davis, Jr., all his property in trust for the benefit of his creditors, and that the undersigned has accepted said trust and has given bond as the law directs. All persons who are indebted to said assignor are required to make payment to the undersigned, and all persons holding claims against said assignor are required to present the same for settlement.

THOMAS RYAN, Clerk.

BOARD OF POLICE.

1200 Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Davis, Jr., of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, has assigned to the undersigned, Charles A. Davis, Jr., all his property in trust for the benefit of his creditors, and that the undersigned has accepted said trust and has given bond as the law directs. All persons who are indebted to said assignor are required to make payment to the undersigned, and all persons holding claims against said assignor are required to present the same for settlement.

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THOMAS RYAN, Clerk.

BOARD OF POLICE.

1212 Notice is hereby given, under that Chapter 194 of the Revised Laws, that Edward W. Howe, of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, has assigned to Edward W. Howe, of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, all his property in trust for the benefit of his creditors, and that the undersigned has accepted said trust and has given bond as the law directs. All persons who are indebted to said assignor are required to make payment to the undersigned, and all persons holding claims against said assignor are required to present the same for settlement.

THOMAS RYAN, Clerk.

BOARD OF POLICE.

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THOMAS RYAN, Clerk.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Roxbury Storage Salesrooms

LEGAL NOTICE The expired lot of Pianos and Furniture in Storage and Furniture will be sent from Storage Rooms to storage warerooms to be sold during the week beginning April 23rd. Notwithstanding having been duly given according to contract, something terrible has gone wrong.

NO PROFIT PIANO SALE

Chickering Upright	$ 75.00
Vose Upright	60.00
Hallet & Davis	85.00
Gilbert Upright	39.00
Merrill Upright	115.00
Ivers & Pond	105.00
Ivers & Pond	120.00
Chickering Upright	35.00
Rogers Upright	40.00
Steinway Piano	425.00
Vose Upright	50.00
Kranich & Bach	75.00
Briggs Upright	65.00
Chickering Upright	85.50

$5 DOWN, $1 PER WEEK.

There is not a high grade maker of Pianos who is not represented in this week's sale. A greater number of Pianos will be sold during the next few days than ever before in the history of this business. Several of below makes left, will be sold this week at 50 cents on the dollar. Each Piano has applied for a number and is guaranteed at No. 397 Washington st., and will be delivered free of charge any part of our building.

THOMAS RYAN, Clerk.

BOSTON, April 7, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Davis, Jr., of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, has assigned to the undersigned, Charles A. Davis, Jr., all his property in trust for the benefit of his creditors, and that the undersigned has accepted said trust and has given bond as the law directs. All persons who are indebted to said assignor are required to make payment to the undersigned, and all persons holding claims against said assignor are required to present the same for settlement

COAL TRUST IN PANIC

Its License Suspended---ts Officers in Hiding---

STILL ROBS PUBLIC.

Continues to Do Business and Charges $8 a Ton Although Secretary Olin Annulled Its License on Ground of Extortion.

In a panic over the decision against them in the BOSTON AMERICAN'S petition to rescind their license for selling coal at extortionate prices, the Boston Coal Trust is today busily seeking some method of escape from the judgment of Secretary of the Commonwealth Olin.

Officers of the company either have left town or are hiding from all visitors except the attorneys with whom they are in conference.

The decision upholding the BOSTON AMERICAN'S charge that they had boosted prices without just cause created as much consternation in the Coal Trust camp as though a mine had been exploded under their offices. They had felt so certain that no decision could be given against them that their attorney, at the hearing, had called the proceedings "opera bouffe," and had refused to make an argument further than to sarcastically attack the petitioners.

A statement from an official of the Metropolitan Coal Company, which was given space in many morning papers, and in which it was maintained that the decision was unexpected and would be appealed to the courts, bore evidence, in its duplicate wording, of having been at least inspired from Trust headquarters. It was announced, however, that no official statement could be made today, although one might be given out on Monday.

Still Sell at $8.

Notwithstanding the excitement and confusion among the trust officials, they are still doing business, and the price of coal to-day remains at the same extortionate rate as yesterday. At all the offices of the Metropolitan Coal Company sales were made at $8 a ton. The trust claims that, although its license has been suspended, it has a right to continue doing business until its appeal is heard by the courts. Some of its friends have gone so far as to say that as the law allows continuance "pending its appeal," there is no need to appeal at all.

Whatever may be the move of the trust, it is a fact that it has as yet taken no cognizance of the fact that it is without a license. It is generally believed that an appeal will be filed in the Superior Court early in the week.

Secretary of the Commonwealth Olin's decision on the petition of Ernest L. Jackson on the BOSTON AMERICAN'S report, a fact that was carefully omitted from every morning newspaper, for the revocation of the Metropolitan Coal Company's license because it has raised the price of coal without having had to pay any increased price for the fuel, was handed down late yesterday.

It reviewed the evidence presented by the BOSTON AMERICAN, and summarized the result by declaring that the decision hinged upon the definition of the word "extortion," which appears in the statute giving the Secretary of the Commonwealth power to revoke licenses. If "extortion" means merely "the exacting and unlawful receipt of money or other thing of value by a public officer, under color of his office," which is the strict technical definition, it does not, of course, apply under this act. If it means "the charging of unreasonable or excessive prices," which is the popular meaning, it does apply. Secretary Olin believes the Legislature in passing the law meant this definition and construction to be taken. In the absence, however, of any judicial definition, he decides, as appears logical, in the expectation, he says, that the company will appeal, that it may ask the courts to settle the matter.

Hamlin Out of Town.

Under this decision the company's license to do business is suspended. The law gives the Trust the right to appeal and to do business "pending the decision of the appeal." It is understood, therefore, that the company will have a legal right to do business as soon as it has filed its appeal, which will then be "pending."

Officials of the Metropolitan Coal Company were inaccessible today. Attempts to secure any enlightenment upon their course met with a similar reception to the following:

A reporter of the BOSTON AMERICAN called at the office of President Hamlin and asked a subordinate to see that official. "What is your business?" asked the young man.

"I wish to see him personally," said the reporter.

"I'm afraid you'll have to tell me your business."

"I am a newspaper man."

"He cannot see you. He has absolutely nothing to say."

"I am from the BOSTON AMERICAN. We wish to be certain of quoting him correctly. Will you ask him if he will see me?"

"Mr. Hamlin is out of town."

At the hearing before Secretary Olin it was shown that as a result of an agreement made by the coal dealers prices had been jumped from 75 cents to $1.75 a ton throughout the city because they feared that there would be a strike.

President Hamlin of the Metropolitan Coal Company testified that the coal operators will not sell a pound of coal at any price.

Mr. Hamlin said further that his company had not more than two weeks' supply of smooth coal on hand, and that he did not know where nor when he could get any more when this was gone.

This evidence for the first time put the responsibility for the increase in price of coal up to the Coal Trust.

How Prices Were Raised.

Witnesses demonstrated that the price of coal had been increased, that there was no limit to the amount of coal a single individual could buy at the higher prices, and that officials of the company had given the excuse that the increase was in the interest of the poor.

They were combated only by President Hamlin, who attempted to evade all responsibility by casting the blame upon the operators.

The various officers of the Metropolitan held conference with one another for hours over the telephone last night. After discussing the situation among themselves, they gave out a statement characterizing Secretary Olin's decision as astounding.

Attorney Joshua T. Auerbach, who presented the case for the people through the BOSTON AMERICAN, was asked to-day what his plan for future action is. He replied: "It really does not seem to be our move. We shall fight the case in the courts with more energy than before the commissioner, because the powers of the courts are sufficiently greater to give us much more latitude in the way of gathering and presenting evidence."

SECRETARY OLIN.

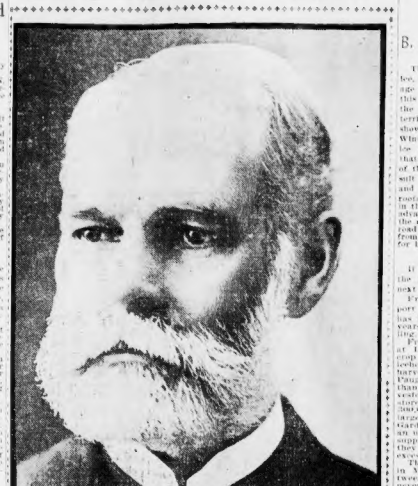


Photo by Chickering.

OPERATORS MEET TO DRAFT ANSWERS TO THE MINERS

NEW YORK, April 7.—The representatives of the anthracite roads and independent coal companies meet here in secret conference to-day to give final consideration to John Mitchell's proposal of arbitration of the differences of the anthracite mining industry and to draft a reply for presentation at the joint meeting of operators and miners on Monday.

It is the general impression that the operators will refuse the proposal, there is ground for the sentiment that the refusal to arbitrate will only apply to those questions they were forced before the anthracite strike commission. The operators will be willing to submit to arbitrate any new questions that may have arisen in the eighteen months that award was made and in equable of solution by the arbitration board during its existence in the last three years.

The great care which both sides are taking to not say anything that will put the highest hope that there will be a solution of the problem. Arbitration is the out quiet hints of what may happen for the public, but the public has been told only to deny the statements later. President Mitchell is playing a game of politics, and in his last move he has the advantage, since the public and Mitchell believe the best interests of all may be conserved by arbitration. Arbitration by the board of conciliation, with Judge Gray as umpire, would practically amount to Judge Gray deciding all the questions with the operators and representatives on the board submitting briefs and Judge Gray reserving decision.

RAILROAD ORDER REGARDED SIGN OF COAL AGREEMENT

SHAMOKIN, Pa., April 7.—The Pennsylvania railroad employes who were suspended last week, owing to the coal suspension, were ordered to report for duty next Monday, which causes many people to think the operators intend coming to some satisfactory conclusion with Mitchell next week.

BABE FALLS INTO BOILER.

Three-year-old Kathleen Lucey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Lucey, of No. 2247 East Second street, South Boston, fell into a wash boiler of hot water yesterday and will probably die.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening.	Close.
Amal. Copper	111¾	111¾
Am. Car & Foundry	46¾	44¾
Am. Ice	18⅜	18⅜
Amer. Smelting	139½	139⅝
American Sugar	140½	140
Anaconda	274	273½
Atchison	93¾	93¾
Baltimore & Ohio	112¾	112¾
Brooklyn Transit	78⅞	80
Canadian Pacific	178	178
Chesapeake & Ohio	60	59¾
Chicago Great West.	21⅝	21⅝
Chi. & North. Pref.	178	178
Colorado Fuel & Iron	34⅝	34⅝
Erie	37½	37½
Missouri Pacific	96	95⅝
Northern Pacific	225	225
Norfolk & Western	90	90
Ontario & Western	48⅝	47¾
Pennsylvania	141⅝	141⅞
Reading	158¾	158¾
Rock Island	29⅝	29⅝
Southern Pacific	69¾	68⅞
Southern Railway	27¾	27¾
Texas Pacific	27⅞	27⅞
U. S. Leather	8⅞	8⅞
Union Pacific	157⅞	156⅝
U. S. Steel	43¾	43¾
U. S. steel pfd.	108⅝	107⅝

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening.	Close.
Adventure	7⅞	7¾
Allouez	40	40
Amalgamated	111¼	111¼
American Pneumatic	13⅝	13⅝
American Woolen pref.	26	26
Bingham	107½	107
Boston & Albany	264	263½
Centennial	25½	25½
Copper Range	87	87
Elm River	2¾	2¾
Greene Cons.	31	31
Guanajuato	5⅞	5⅞
Mohawk	61½	61½
N. Y., N. H. & H.	199⅝	199⅝
Nevada Con.	17¾	17¾
Osceola	165½	165
Pullman	270½	270½
Quincy	98	99
Shannon	7¼	7¼
Shoe Machinery pref.	30½	30
Trinity	11¾	11¾
United, Copper	89	87½
United States Steel	42¾	42¾
United States Steel pref.	107⅝	107⅝
United Fruit	108½	108½
United States Smelting	61¾	61
United States Smelting pref.	48⅞	48⅞
Union Pacific	157½	156⅝
West End	99½	100

METHODISTS FACE 8-HOUR DAY PROBLEM

Printers in Book Concern Demand Closed Shop from Conference.

Labor problems—an eight-hour work day and a closed shop under union principles for the Methodist Book Concern of New York—confront the New England conference of Methodists at Malden. The issue as it now stands before the convention is a big one as to its potentialities.

Charges concerning whiskey and cocktail advertisements and the publication of a play suppressed by the New York police, together with heresy allegations and charges of maladministration, are only incidental to the larger issue—that of the eight-hour day and the closed shop for the printers employed by the Methodist clergy in their publishing house.

The Methodist Church will take a positive stand either for or against union labor.

Yesterday a secret conference over the labor problem was held between the committee and three labor leaders—Frank S. Foster of the A. F. of L., David N. Cunglian, president of Boston Typographical Union and Nathan Newman of the New York Typographical Union.

Mr. Foster was well pleased with the conference, but would not discuss it. A clergyman who refused to be quoted, said: "The question is, Is the church for or against the eight-hour day? The church has got to declare itself on those living questions if she is to retain her influence." The committee will discuss the matter again to-day. The report will not be given out until Monday.

WOMEN IN SQUABBLE.

BURLINGTON, Vt., April 7.—Because of dissension in the ranks of the women who have the management of the restaurant established in the city for the benefit of the soldiers at Fort Ethan Allen, it will probably be closed.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SHINOLA WILL MAKE ANY SHOE LOOK NEW

A SHINOLA shine is a real necessity. If your shoes begin to look worn, uneven or cracked, discard other polishes and buy a box of SHINOLA of your dealer. Ordinary polishes injure shoe leather. SHINOLA contains neither acid nor alkali—it preserves leather and imparts a crow-black shine which lasts a week.

Do not be talked into purchasing an inferior substitute. Insist on your dealer giving you SHINOLA. The first application will convince you of its superiority. A box of 100 shines, 10 cents. The SHINOLA COMPANY, Rochester, N. Y.

ICE TRUST WITH RECORD CROP TO RAISE PRICE

New England Houses Burdened With Biggest Yield in Years.

B. & M. ALSO IN THE RAID

The Ice Trust will advance the price of ice, despite the fact that there is no shortage in New England's total ice harvest this year. Contrary to the statements of the trust, an inventory of the producing territory in Maine and New Hampshire shows that more ice was cut there this Winter than at any time since 1890. The ice producers there foresaw the demand that would come from points to the south of them and prepared to meet it. The result is that all the ice houses in Maine and New Hampshire are jammed to their roofs, and immense piles of ice are stacked in the open. But the price will be sharply advanced. The Ice Trust will not get all the advance, for the Boston & Maine Railroad Company has decided to exact a toll from every consumer. It has raised the rate for hauling ice from 70 cents to $1 a ton.

Advance Due Next Week.

It is announced that a sharp advance in the price of ice will be made in Boston next week.

From Concord, N. H., comes the report that the crop throughout the State has been generally greater than in former years, with no greater expense in handling.

From Lincoln comes the statement that at Lakeport at least a two-thirds bigger crop was harvested than ever before, the icehouses are all filled, and dealers have harvested a big emergency supply at Lake Pangus. The Wells reports say more than double the usual crop has been harvested, while more than 60,000 tons are stored at Lake Pangus alone, and at least 300,000 tons more at Milton, with other large amounts at Meredith, East Tilton and Gardiner's Grove. Franklin, N. H., reports an unusually big crop, with a large reserve supply at Webster Lake, and Rochester says they have several thousand tons stored in excess of local demands.

The crop harvested on the Kennebec River in Maine this season is estimated at between 250,000 and 300,000 tons, and was never equalled before since 1880, when the crops on the Hudson River was a total failure.

Greatest in Years.

From Western Massachusetts comes the report that the Berkshires' ice crop has vested this season is one of the greatest in many years, and figures given show 150,000 tons cut this year as against 15,000 last year. Firms from New York, Bridgeport and other Connecticut cities, as well as from New Haven & Hartford Railroad take the surplus.

On the Penobscot River in Maine the ice harvested was unusually good. The biggest crop also since 1890, in spite of the fact that there were unusual hard conditions to be overcome. For the last five years the total harvest has never been averaged between 30,000 and 40,000 tons.

Longest ice field ever cut in one year by harvesting points having failed, is said although reports from the trust, for advancing the price.

"EARL AND THE GIRL" OPENS HERE TO-DAY

The Shubert brothers company presenting "The Earl and the Girl" begins an engagement at the Majestic Theatre this afternoon, with Eddie Foy in the chief role, and the famous Casino Theatre chorus included in the cast. It is settled policy with the Shuberts to open an engagement in the large cities on a Saturday.

SUNDAY AMERICAN TO BE HOST AT THEATRE PARTY

ARTIST'S DAUGHTER IN MUSICAL COMEDY.

A theatrical treat of the highest character is in store for those who will form the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN'S party at the Majestic next Monday evening. "The Earl and the Girl" will be the attraction, presented by Eddie Foy, the premier comedian, and a company which cannot be excelled.

The SUNDAY AMERICAN'S party will be made up of advertisers in its "mail" column. Every thrifty person paying for a seat ad., excepting one in the situation wanted or barter and exchange columns, will be given a ticket for a reserved seat worth $1.50. Every thriftless person advertising will be given tickets for two seats, valued at $3.

Among the company headed by Mr. Foy is Miss Estelle Coffin, a protege of David Belasco, who, although still in her teens, has already scored an immense success.

She is the daughter of Capt. Coffin, known to all newspaper men as the marine artist who went to Cuba for the Hearst papers. Estelle is the youngest of three children, her sister Lillian also being on the stage. Estelle was discovered by David Belasco while she was playing juvenile parts in an amateur entertainment.

Was amazed at her talent and exclaimed: "That girl has the voice of a nightingale and the face of an angel. I can use something out of her."

He took her in charge, and as a result Miss Coffin is now "making good" in comic opera. She is an accomplished musician, a charming singer and has a very magnetic personality. Miss Coffin is still in her teens. She was obliged to tell little white lies when she desired to play on the stage in New York, and gave her age as one year older than it really was, in order to get around the Grey law.

Her first professional engagement was with Blanch Bates in "The Darling of the Gods," and she is now playing the role of Lady Gwendolin in "The Earl and the Girl."

Souvenir Post Cards

FREE WITH THE FREE

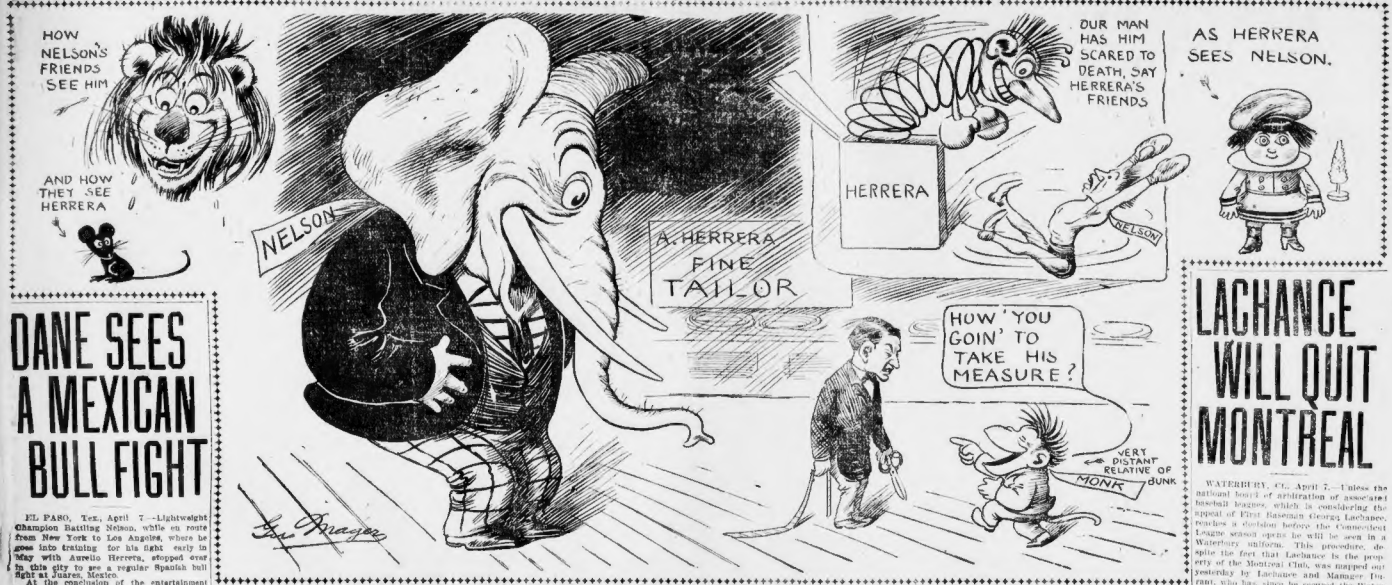
Boston Sunday American

With every copy of next Sunday's Boston American will be given FREE a set of *Four Beautifully Colored Souvenir Post Cards*, printed on heavy calendered paper—in every respect as good as any obtainable in the stores.

THE BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN
Largest Circulation in New England

BASEBALL BURKETT IS NOT YET RELEASED BOXING WALCOTT TO MEET JOE GANS RACING AND ALL ATHLETICS

HERRERA BELIEVES HE CAN TAKE NELSON'S MEASURE, AND IS HOT AFTER THE JOB


HOW NELSON'S FRIENDS SEE HIM
AND HOW THEY SEE HERRERA
NELSON
A HERRERA FINE TAILOR
HOW 'YOU GOIN' TO TAKE HIS MEASURE?
OUR MAN HAS HIM SCARED TO DEATH, SAY HERRERA'S FRIENDS
HERRERA
NELSON
AS HERRERA SEES NELSON.
VERY DISTANT RELATIVE OF MONK DUNK

DANE SEES A MEXICAN BULL FIGHT

EL PASO, Tex., April 7.—Lightweight Champion Battling Nelson, while en route from New York to Los Angeles, where he goes into training for his fight early in May with Aurelio Herrera, stopped over in this city to see a regular Spanish bull fight at Juarez, Mexico.

At the conclusion of the entertainment Nelson and Billy Nolan, his manager, repaired to a restaurant, where he was introduced to Mad Mexico, the star matador. It was not very long before the two were engaged in a warm controversy concerning the comparative brutality of prize-fighting and bull-fighting.

Nelson maintained that the slaughtering of animals with cold steel was far more brutal than the exchange of punches by two human beings prepared for combat, and with equal chance of winning without killing each other.

Morito declared that bullfighting was preferable to prize-fighting on the ground that there was less chance for foul play and crooked work to bring the sport into disrepute.

VOLKMANN VS. MIDDLESEX.

The annual four-oared boat race between the Volkmann and Middlesex schools will be held, as in the past two years, over the Concord river course at Concord, May 19.

CAMBRIDGE CREW WINS RACE ON THAMES!

LONDON, April 7.—Cambridge won her twenty-eighth victory in the annual boat race with Oxford to-day by defeating the crew of the latter university by three and a half lengths. It was an easy victory for Cambridge and her men finished in excellent shape. The Oxford men, on the contrary, were greatly distressed by the hard pull and four of the men collapsed after the finish. This was a surprise to the prophets on "form," as it was generally believed that Oxford had the best staying powers, while Cambridge was regarded as the better crew in a sprint.

The race was rowed at noon under favorable conditions and in the presence of a crowd that broke all records. Thousands of people were gathered near the starting and finishing lines, and the banks of the Thames were lined with racing enthusiasts.

The usual crowd of house boats and launches were present and their gay decorations added to the brilliancy of the scene.

The Cambridge crew were the first to arrive at the starting point, and were given an extraordinary ovation. Later the Oxford crew arrived and were cheered with round after round of cheers.

Oxford took the Surrey side of the river, though the weather conditions were such that it made little difference which side was chosen.

Oxford got a good start, Oxford rolling a slightly faster stroke, but Cambridge, how ever, took the lead immediately.

At Results Brook Cambridge led by half a length and this margin increased to two and a half lengths. At Harrods Stores Cambridge was rolling a thirty-eight stroke to Oxford's thirty-two. After passing Hammersmith Bridge Cambridge increased her lead to four lengths and the latter rowed into Oxford's water, the Oxford boat receiving the resulting wash from the first shell. From Barnes's Bridge to the end of the course Cambridge rowed easily and Oxford crept up half a length, finishing three lengths and a half behind the winning crew.

The Oxford crew labored hard, but in vain, and the men in the shell were plainly distressed at the end of the race. Four of the Oxford rowers collapsed after finishing and nearly all the others were greatly distressed. Cambridge's men will show themselves in excellent condition.

The official time for the race was 20 minutes 26 seconds.

LACHANCE WILL QUIT MONTREAL

WATERBURY, Ct., April 7.—Unless the national board of arbitration of associated baseball leagues, which is considering the appeal of First Baseman George Lachance, reaches a decision before the Connecticut League season opens he will be seen in a Waterbury uniform. This precedure, despite the fact that Lachance is the property of the Montreal Club, was stamped on yesterday by Lachance and Manager Durant, who has, since he secured the Waterbury franchise, been trying to secure the former Boston American player for the league club.

Lachance was notified by Manager Bannon to report at Easton, Pa., on March 31, $300 a month to $250 Lachance did not go. At the meeting of the Connecticut League magnates in Bridgeport a few weeks ago Manager Durant placed Lachance's case in the hands of Secretary James O'Rourke, who is a member of the national board of arbitration. The Montreal Club is looking to hold up the case by asking the board to delay its decision.

B. Y. M. C. A. WON MEET.

Boston Young Men's Christian Association's athletes proved too much for the Newton Young Men's Christian Association in the dual athletic meet, consisting of three events, contested at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium, the visitors suffering defeat by the score of 19½ points to 7½ points.

YANKEE HORSES WILL SHOW IN LONDON

NEW YORK, April 7.—Officers of the National Horse Show Association of America and the English Hackney Horse Society are co-operating to establish in London an international horse show. The project was first broached during the last horse show at Madison Square Garden, in November, when English and American horsemen talked of holding an exhibition in London next May. Owing to the lack of sufficient time for preparation this plan was found to be impracticable, but James T. Hyde, the father of the scheme, and Joseph Eaton, secretary of the English Hackney Horse Society, are now working together to carry out the enterprise in the Spring of 1907.

Mr. Hyde said yesterday that while nothing definite has yet been arranged matters have progressed far enough to warrant him in stating that an international show now seems assured.

The proposed exhibition will probably take place at the London Olympia one year from next May. Some of the most prominent exhibitors of fashionable carriage and saddle horses at American shows have, it is said, given assurance that they will send their stables abroad for the international show. Among those mentioned in this connection are Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Cornelius Hobart Moore, E. D. Jordan, Reginald C. Vanderbilt and W. H. Moore, all of whom have figured prominently as winners at recent exhibitions here.

One of the big transatlantic steamship companies will, it is said, encourage the shipment of smaller stables to London by giving to intending exhibitors extremely favorable rates for the round trip. Should this be done several New York stables will ship their show horses to the London exhibition with a view to selling them on the other side.

Lord Lonsdale, who is one of the leading breeders and owners of hackneys in England, is reported to have indorsed the project in conjunction with Mr. Eaton.

HOLY CROSS EXPECTS A WIN OVER AGGIES

BATTING ORDER.

HOLY CROSS.	AMHERST AGGIES.
Cahill, c.f.	O'Connor, l.f.
Garry, s.s.	O'Donnell, s.s.
Hoey, l.f.	Clarke, c.f.
Flynn, 1b.	Cobb, 3b.
Carrigan, c.	Tirrell, 1b.
Ennis, 3b.	Southwick, r.f.
Reidy, r.f.	French, c.
Cleveland, 2b.	Chase, 2b.
Hogerty, p.	Hubbard, p.

Special to the Boston American.

WORCESTER, April 7.—Holy Cross and Amherst "Aggies" in the second game of the season this afternoon on Flitter Field. Although the visitors were considered somewhat stronger this season than last, Holy Cross, after its auspicious opening against Springfield Training School, anticipated little trouble in winning a victory.

Hogerty, one of the best of last season's "cyc" twirlers, fortified the box for the home team early in the game. In case of a signal land, Coach Carney hoped also to try out some of the new pitchers who have been showing up well in cage and outdoor practice.

Since the opening game, which was played with but little outdoor practice the men have accustomed themselves to their positions and fast snappy team work has resulted.

JUDGE VS. CROMPTON.

Judge secured a victory over Pressey in the match played in the New England Class C amateur billiard tournament at the Elks Billiard Palace, scoring 150 points to 138. Judge averaged 2.26-62 and made a high run of 14, while Pressey's average was 2.11-62, with 18 for a high run. Dr. Judge and Crompton will be the opposing players on Monday night.

Billiardists Practice Hard for Tournament

HOPPE IS THE FAVORITE

NEW YORK, April 7.—With only three days remaining for practice before the international tournament beginning on Monday in Madison Square Garden the billiard experts put in a busy day yesterday. All seven wielders of the cue who are to compete for the championship worked hard limbering up their joints and training their eyes on the ivory balls.

Willie Hoppe took on Tom Gallagher in his academy in West Thirtieth street; George Sutton practiced at the Broadway Academy, Broadway and Sixty-fifth street; George F. Slosson and Ora Morningstar played at the former's room at Broadway and Twenty-second street, and Louis Cure was busy at Daly's. Besides, from Philadelphia came reports that Jacob Schaefer was making great runs, and Boston sent down a glowing account of Albert G. Cutler's doings.

A book already has been made on the tournament, with Hoppe the favorite at 8 to 5 to win and 1 to 2 to finish second. Schaefer is second choice at 5 to 2 and 4 to 5; Cure is 3 to 1 and 2 to 5; Sutton 9 to 2 and 8 to 5; Slosson 10 to 1 and 3 to 5; Morningstar 20 to 1 and 8 to 1, and Cutler 25 to 1 and 8 to 1.

The difference between the win and place odds on Schaefer and Cure is that the "wizard" is counted on to either win or drop behind the Frenchman.

Hard practice again to-day is the plan of all the players, and just enough to-morrow to keep in touch with the game.

In his afternoon game with Gallagher Hoppe made only two scores of under 200. The champion's average was 28.2-5 and his highest run 164. Gallagher averaged 15-5-14 and made a high run of 73. In the evening Hoppe won, 400 to 219, averaging 28-4-11, with a high run of 146. Gallagher averaged 10-10-11, and his highest run was 40.

Although he made a higher run in the first game Hoppe played far steadier in the second, as his line average shows. He appeared to be in splendid form, and to-day's defeating his rivals next week.

Sutton played Alex. Fields and won by 400 points to 107. He averaged 17-9-23, with high runs of 85, 74 and 64. Fields only averaged 4-9-22. His high runs were 34, 14 and 11.

Cure played Maurice Daly 400 points and won after only four innings. Daly's total only averaged 2-8-14, with high runs of 121, 111 and 51. Cure averaged 12-9-23, with high runs of 44, 23 and 23.

FOOTBALL REFORM CALLED BY MIKE MURPHY HYSTERIA

Aroused by the many recent denunciations of football and other college athletics, Mike Murphy, Pennsylvania's famous trainer, has expressed himself forcibly on the subject, in spite of the present sport and is a retort to the college professors and reformers.

Penn's veteran trainer is of the opinion that most of the present-day football reform is just so much hysteria, the wheels of which were set in motion by the college professors seeking notoriety.

"This fellow has built a wall about his Latin," said Murphy, holding gingerly between his thumb and forefinger a clipping in which Professor Roffe was quoted, "and he can't jump over it. He thinks the whole world is made up of Latin. He talks Latin and he thinks Latin, and he hasn't any use for any one who doesn't know Latin.

"The trouble is that he doesn't have to show the goods. His students work according to rules. If they can learn the rules and their lessons are long enough to hold 'em, every one passes. If they don't—well, they don't, that's all.

"But that doesn't go in football or any kind of athletics. Out in the world where there is much fighting go there is on the gridiron. The athlete has got to show that he can learn the rules and use 'em, or he's got to use his head, too. Rules don't amount to much when you're up against the real thing in the competitive line. It's all right for them, to be a gentleman, but it's a blame sight better to be a self-reliant gentleman. Latin won't help you—not alone. You've got to be a fighter. I don't mean a prize-fighter, or a scrapper, but you've got to show those things here. But we do teach men to go in and fight hard. Sure, nobody likes a quitter. You've got to go in and take your licks like a baby. Be a fighter—that's the thing. You've got to be ready to take a lot of hard punches without kicking.

"That's what football does for men when you're out of college, and the question won't bother you in the least. The trouble with these professors is that they don't like the notoriety that has come to athletes and them passed it. It hurts their feelings that the papers don't happen to mention that this fellow passed so-and-so in Latin, or that this one has been advanced a grade. Somehow or other they never get mentioned, and the only way most of them ever could get into the papers is to write out a lot of bosh, saying that all athletes are dubs and indulging in a lot of athletic hysteria.

"Dubs!" Here Mr. Murphy sniffed scornfully. "Dubs!" How many names do you think there would be on the college boy roll if we didn't make men out of some of the dubs? Do you think we've got either nine or eleven men now? We're looking after every man that comes out for a team, and for a lot more, besides, that we consider possible. Every two weeks we go around to the office and see how they are getting along in their studies. If they are not we jack 'em up. If they're up we pat 'em there. We keep prodding them all the time, trying as hard to make students out of them as athletes. If the fathers in Philadelphia knew what we are looking for their sons they'd send every last mother's son of them to college. It's the grandest thing that can happen to a young man and they don't half appreciate it."

MAPLEWOOD FARM SOLD TO HOPKINS

Special to the Boston American.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., April 7.—Maplewood Farm, the famous breeding establishment of the late Frank Jay, has been sold to the Hopkins brothers of Fort Fairfield, Me.

It is the intention of the purchasers to breed a high-grade of carriage and trotting horses, and thoroughbred shorthorn cattle. The latter is a special specialty of the Messrs. Hopkins, their herd having won numerous blue ribbons in cattle shows all over the country.

Maplewood has everything of the modern stock farm. The barns are finished in hard wood, with running water in all of the stalls and lighted by electricity. There is a half mile track over which one of the most prominent trotters in the Grand Circuit received their early lessons.

FRED COOLEY REFUSES BOUT WITH SCHRECK

CHICAGO, April 7.—Fred Cooley, the young local heavyweight who is trying to trade on a reputation of having knocked Jack O'Brien down in an exhibition bout, does not want any of Mike Schreck's game. The Wabash Club at Terre Haute, which has been having some good battles lately, tried to induce Cooley to take on the Germantown German, but the inducements were not to his liking. Cooley says he is too busy just now to do any fighting.

The Terre Haute Club also offered George Gardner a match when he was here with Jack Root, but Gardner says he would let Jim's affairs and had deserted the ring for the time being. There is a good chance of some nice money for a heavyweight at Terre Haute, but no one wants Mike's play, apparently.

NEW YORK "5" CHALLENGED

The Portsmouth professional basketball team of Portsmouth, N. H., desires to send a challenge to the New York AMERICAN to meet any basketball team. The manager is especially anxious to hear from the twenty-third street team of New York and the Natick team of Natick, Mass.

The New Hampshire boys have won all but three games this year, and have defeated in a series the Nowports and the Troys of Troy, N. Y., the latter team playing under the title of "All Americans" and claiming the championship of America. W. E. Gray, manager, Portsmouth, N. H.

PERELLI WILL MEET LUNDIN

SPRINGFIELD, April 7.—Hjalmar Lundin, Swedish heavyweight champion, who defeated Jim McLeod, former American heavyweight champion at Worcester Tuesday night, has been matched to wrestle John Perelli, the Italian heavyweight champion, in this city Monday evening, April 9.

DUAL SHOOT AT HARVARD.

The Harvard and Watertown Gun Clubs will hold a dual shoot this afternoon at 3 o'clock on Soldiers Field.

PLAN TO FORM BALL LEAGUE

PEABODY, April 7.—A meeting will be held in this town to-morrow afternoon for the purpose of forming a North Shore Baseball League. It is planned to play games every Saturday and holidays. The project is meeting with much enthusiasm in the different cities and towns, and the outlook is very bright. It is planned to form a circuit of Melrose, Lynn, Marblehead, Salem, Beverly, Ipswich, Danvers and Peabody. The Lynn club will be managed by Tommy Niland and will play when the New England League nine is away. Frank Leonard, the New England League manager, will represent Lynn at the meeting Sunday.

BOB FITZ TO MEET BURNS

TOLEDO, O., April 7.—Bob Fitzsimmons has accepted Tom O'Rourke's offer to meet Tommy Burns, instead of Jim Ruhlin, before the Toledo A. C., which has just won a victory in court. Fitz wants to get another crack at Corbett after Burns.

PLAYED TIE SOCCER GAME.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Columbia and Hasverford played a tie game of soccer football at Columbia oval with 1 to 1 as the final score.

SAYERS ROBBED OF DECISION

MILWAUKEE, April 7.—The Sayers-Landers fight was a fizzle, as far as the decision went, the Landers men giving it to Sayers after Sayers had out-fought him from start to finish. The crowd went wild over the decision.

HARVARD SOCCERS PLAY.

The Harvard and Fort Warren soccer teams will line up this afternoon at 3 on Soldiers Field. During the week the Crimson team has shown much improvement.

FREE!!

BASEBALL OUTFITS

SHIRT is American League pattern, **Handsome gray flannel,** extra good quality material, perfectly made, double breasted and shoulders. All seams double stitched. **Pants** very strong, padded or unpadded just as you prefer. Will give satisfactory wear for years. Shirt and pants for any player; soft and well made. **CAP,** Pittsburg National Shape, long double visor, **made** of best flannel, full lined and first-class in every way. Belt is made of strong webbing with patent clasp. Or an outfit consisting of first-class Baseball Club baseball, full size, hand wound and sewed inst the clean kind). Splendid catcher's glove, made of high-grade kid leather. Large catcher's or first baseman's mitt, made of extra quality leather. Extra long belt; can be adjusted to any length. Flannel cap, any size you desire. **Free for Selling Only 2 Boxes Cakes of Our Pure Olive Oil Castile Soap at 25 cents a cake.** Every one will be glad to buy one or more cakes. Send us your name and address; we will send you the soap **all express paid** and when sold send us the money until sold. When sold return our $2.40 and we will send you the premium without the slightest delay. Write to-day. Address

FRIEND SOAP CO.,
1 Washington Street,
Dept. 32 Boston, Mass.

FREE TICKETS FOR EDDIE FOY IN THE EARL AND THE GIRL

With Want Ads for Next Sunday *For Particulars See Page 4*

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

BURKETT HAS NOT YET BEEN RELEASED

WORCESTER PLAYER WRITES THAT HE IS WILLING TO REPORT AT BEHEST OF CLUB.

By a Boston American Staff Correspondent with the Team.

NEW ORLEANS, April 7.—Two more games and the Boston American outfit will leave this city. Two games are scheduled to be played here, and they are confident that they will have made it four straight when it comes time to bid adieu to the local baseball public.

Bill Dinneen, whom it was thought Collins would use on the rubber in yesterday's game, will be given a chance to-day, if present plans materialize. The locals will probably try out a new pitcher named Bolin.

Bill Dinneen is suffering from a slight cold, and if he does not think it advisable to go into the box his position will probably be filled by Joe Harris, the Melrose boy, who is in fine form.

When the Bostons quit here, Monday morning at 9.30, they will go to Louisville. On Wednesday they go to Columbus.

Al Selbach has been given permission to go to Columbus, which is his home city, directly after Sunday's game.

Jesse Burkett, in a letter to one of the members of the Boston team, announces that he has been unable to procure his release from the management, and that he will rejoin the club in either New York or Boston if they want him.

The Bostons won handily again from the Pelicans yesterday, capturing the game by a score of 4 to 1.

GEORGE WINTER WAS IN THE BOX.

George Winter was in the box for the Bostons and he had absolute control of the ball. Seven hits were all that were made off him, three of that number coming in the seventh, which gave the home team their only run of the contest.

Bob Peterson worked behind the bat for Boston, and he was a tower of strength. He caught Winter in excellent style, and whipped the sphere to the bases in the most accurate manner imaginable. At the bat "Pete" hit viciously, every time making a heavy lunge at the ball.

Grimshaw and Selbach were two other stars of the game. The former again came to time with the willow, and made two of the seven hits credited to his team. "Sol" made some marvellous catches in the field. One fly he got after a record run and dive, which brought the spectators to their feet.

"Teddy" Breitenstein, who used to be the backbone of Von Der Ahe's staff, started the game on the firing line for New Orleans. The Bostons hit him so hard that he was removed from the pitchers' rostrum after the fourth inning. The Bostons got all of their runs off him.

PHILLIPS PUZZLED BOSTON BATTERS.

Billy Phillips, of Cincinnati fame, was the next to try his hand at fooling Boston, and he succeeded in puzzling the club batters.

Not a pass was issued during the game yesterday. The only battery error came when Phillips hit Freeman.

Cy Young has just received another letter from Lou Criger, in which the latter encloses a clipping, which said that the Boston catcher would not be able to return to the game again. The Richardt player thought the statement was a big joke, and remarked that he hoped to be back in harness in a few weeks.

If the Bostons land to-day's game it will be nine straight.

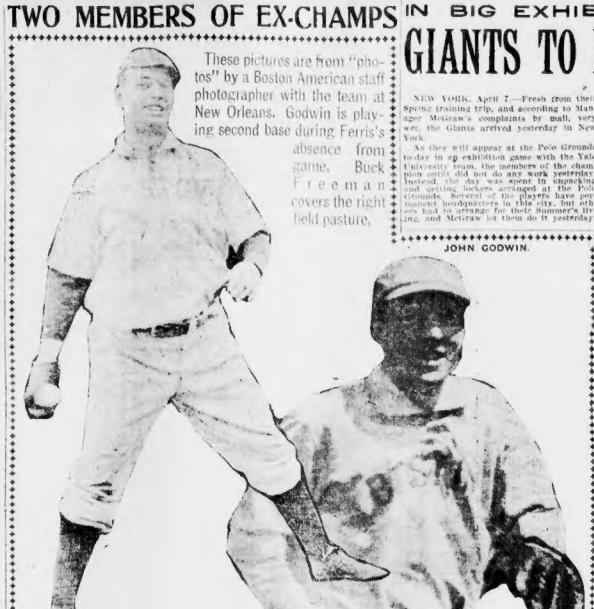
Pitcher Breitenstein was quite a shock of the New Orleans Club stock.

Ferris was at the grounds, and is still quite a bit lame.

Godwin is rather weak in the infield.

Everybody is happy.

TWO MEMBERS OF EX-CHAMPS



These pictures are from "photos" by a Boston American staff photographer with the team at New Orleans. Godwin is playing second base during Ferris's absence from game. Buck Freeman covers the right field pasture.

BUCK FREEMAN.

JOHN GODWIN.

Godwin is the utility man of the Boston Americans this season. Bob Unglaub, who skipped over to the outlaws, formerly filled that position. Freeman has been with the Bostons since their organization. Buck says he will play better than ever ever this season and promises to do some of his old-time slugging, which earned him the sobriquet of "Homerun" Freeman.

IN BIG EXHIBITION GAME IN NEW YORK
GIANTS TO PLAY YALE NINE TODAY

NEW YORK, April 7.—Fresh from their Spring training trip, and according to Manager McGraw's explanation by mail, very wet, the Giants arrived yesterday in New York.

As there will appear at the Polo Grounds to-day in an exhibition game with the Yale University team, the members of the champion outfit did not do any work yesterday. Instead, the day was spent in unpacking and getting lockers arranged at the Polo Grounds. Several of the players have permanent headquarters in this city, but why they had to arrange for their Summer's living, and McGraw let them do it yesterday.

Claude Elliott, the big pitcher who was with the team last year, will be missing, and in his place Fred Ferguson, the young giant from Louisville, will appear. Ferguson is only twenty-one years old, but according to McGraw and Tebeau, has everything in the repertoire of a major league pitcher with the exception of experience. He will in all probability be given an opportunity in the Yale game to-day, and what he does in the box will decide the pitching.

The team is practically the same as it was last year, and McGraw can see no reason why it cannot land in the same place as then. Pittsburg has been strengthened by the addition of Willis, but latest advices from Southern cities to the effect that Beaumont is on the edge of quitting the game for good, and that he, as well as several men of the Wills rank, who would be needed to fill the gap left by the former pitcher have remained.

Philadelphia has shown no form in the pre-season games with the Athletics to warrant any fear of Duffy's team. It is doubtful if the aggregation is strengthened any by the addition of Bender, and in all strategy, which in base ball is perhaps eighty per cent. of the game, Boston and Brooklyn rammed in such a solid contingent that no other team in the National League can approach it. McGraw figures it out, and in the big league forecasting some attention should be given him.

M'KINNON WAS UNABLE TO GO IN FINAL BOUT

By Longest Leased Wire in the World.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—H. L. McKinnon of the Boston Athletic Association, won his four-round semi-final bout in the 145-pound class from James Ellis, of the Southside A. C., in the national amateur boxing tourney at Mechanics' Pavilion. The honors for the final of this class went to W. D. McDonald, of the Olympic Club, without a contest, as both Ellis and McKinnon had broken their hands.

The results of the finals were as follows:

115-pound class—J. Carroll, Olympic Club, won a close decision over E. F. Graham, Missouri Athletic Club.

158-pound class—Henry Fluche, Olympic Club, got the decision over George Murray, unattached, at the end of four rounds.

125-pound class—Harry Baker, Olympic Club, got the decision over T. A. Stone, New York Athletic Club, at the end of the fourth round, winning the championship.

125-pound class—W. J. Leonard, Olympic Club, beat P. Augusta, Rowboldt A. C.

135-pound class—Lew Powell, Olympic Club, got the decision over Wm. Wolff, Ariel Club, in the first round.

Welter weight class—Walter Schuil-en, Olympic Club, knocked out Walter Kirschner, unattached, in the first round.

LAST CALL TO FANS FOR A SEASON PASS

The last copy for the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN baseball contest will be published to-morrow. The thousands who have been waiting for months to get a last look at the base ironns before handing in their opinion will have to hurry if they choose to be in the running.

No coupons having a postmark later than Wednesday, April 11, will be considered, because on April 12 the Boston Nationals and Brooklyn Trolley Dodgers line up at Brooklyn. The all give thousands the opportunity that they have been waiting for, and though the last coupon is printed, to-morrow no one will have the chance to hold off for a day or so if you are willing to take a fling.

Twelve season tickets will be given to the lucky fans who can send in the correct or nearest correct guesses on the line up of the two teams in their first games. Now is the time to send in your orders to the newsdealer for the Sunday copies you desire. Some one has blank spaces for both teams so don't have two guesses in one. Don't pay any longer. Suggestions by the Journal continue to pour in, and thousands of them are said amid a chorus of wilting on account of the "fans" lack of heavenly knowledge, for once coupon you start a game to witness every home game of the two teams a season a ticket will pick the best seats in the house.

Send in your coupons early and often, for there are very few days left.

GENE GOODE SURE OF REGULAR JOB

TENNEYITES OUT FOR REVENGE AGAINST WASHINGTON TEAM TO-DAY.

Special to the Boston American.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—According to Manager Fred Tenney of the Boston Nationals, Gene Goode, the Roxbury, Mass., boy playing centre field, has made good, and is sure of a regular position on the team this season. Bates is another member of the team who has practically made good.

The Bostons will try to turn the tables on the local American League ball nine when they clash for the second and last game in their series to-day. Pfeffer and McCarthy will probably twirl for the Hubites, while Jacobsen is scheduled to pitch for the home talent.

The Senators are rather crippled at present. Lave Cross is on the disabled list and Nill has a sprained ankle. Charley Hickman is playing short.

The Bostons lost yesterday afternoon in the bitter cold, 7 to 6. One thousand fans attended, and they shivered throughout the game. The players all wore sweaters. Lindaman pitched for Boston and was hit for 10 safeties. Boston fielded well.

Scores You May Like to Observe

At New Orleans—Boston, 4, L. 1, New Orleans, 1.

At Washington—Washington, 8, L. 7; Boston, X, L. 6.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, N. L., 3; St. Louis, A. L., 2.

At Philadelphia—Athletics-Phillies called off; unfavorable weather.

At New Bedford—Providence, E. L., 15, New Bedford, N. E. L., 1.

At Washington—Georgetown, 7, Pennsylvania, 6.

At Atlanta—Atlanta, 2; New York, A. L., 1.

for the Senators, and Gene Goode got three hits off him and Cozy Dolan the same awaited hard. Faulkenberg did the honors number. Boston fielded well.

TRINITY WILL FACE HARVARD BALL TOSSERS

Harvard will play baseball with Trinity this afternoon at 3 o'clock on the freshman diagonal on Soldiers Field. Owing to the rain on Saturday, the latter diamond has not yet ready for use.

Several changes in the lineup have been made, with consequent changes in the batting order. Keteham has been shifted into centrefield and Burr will be tried at first.

The batting order:

Harvard—Leonard, 3b.; Pounds, r. f.; McCall, 2b.; Stephenson, c.; McCarty, c. f.; Hester, ss.; Burr, 1b.; Simons, ss.; Castle, p.; Taylor, George, p.

Trinity—Morgan, c. f.; Barwell, 2b.; Powell, ss.; Sanders, r. f.; Connor, l. f.; Randall, 3b.; Merrow, 1b.; Cunningham, c.; Bolgiano, p.

WALCOTT TO FIGHT GANS

Joe Walcott is likely to figure in a match on the coast some time this month. Yesterday his manager, Billy Pierce, received a wire from Morris Levy of the Hayes Valley Club that he wanted to match Walcott against Joe Gans at his club in San Francisco.

The local champion welterweight is getting in shape and expects to be into something like his old winning form.

'Would-be Champs Must Come to Me,' Says
MODEST TOMMY BURNS

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 7.—Tommy Burns is taking himself seriously. When he speaks of himself it is as heavyweight champion of the world. Having defeated Marvin Hart, Burns thinks that he is entitled to the belt got out of the ring.

"Yes, I appreciate the fact that I am champion," modestly says Burns, "but it is only the attainment for which I have fondly hoped and sought since I first entered the ring, and I accept the situation with the belief that I accomplished my ambition by hard knocks and systematic efforts, and I propose to defend my title so long as worthy opponents are in existence. I'll go and soon take up a match consisting of fifteen weeks and then take a vacation. Afterward I expect to give attention to any challenges that may be in waiting and will give all the heavies a chance at my whip.

"I prefer now to take on Jack O'Brien, and believe I will be able to defeat him more easily than I beat Hart. I saw the bout between Hart and O'Brien in Philadelphia, and am sincere in the statement that O'Brien was very fortunate to stay the limit.

"O'Brien cannot, in my opinion, take the punishment Hart stood for, and I know that O'Brien's tender spot is his stomach. If cannot fight the battle put up by Hart and stand for the stomach lacing the Kentuck lad took.

"I shall issue no challenge. I am champion, and those who want to meet me must come to me. Many of those who are willing to fight me for the championship would not heed my challenges some months ago, but I shall not bother them again. However, I will consider all challenges directed at me now and will endeavor to show to the world that I am worthy to wear the honors I have won.

"I am a different Tommy Burns at 175 pounds than at 158 pounds, and I am sure any critics will give me this credit. I am too heavy to fight in the middleweight division, and should I be so foolish as to attempt to make weight for that class I would be beaten before entering the ring as I would not be strong enough to whip a kitten at 158 pounds."

YALE TEAM WON AT WRESTLING

NEW YORK, April 7.—Yale's wrestlers won the intercollegiate wrestling championship in the Columbia University gymnasium by defeating the teams of Columbia, Princeton and Pennsylvania. The final score was Yale, 7; Columbia, 5; Pennsylvania, 5, and Princeton, 4—first place counting 2 points and second place 1 point.

MAY CALL OFF HERMAN FIGHT
BRITT IS SORE

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—James Edward Britt is not in a very pleasant mood at the manner in which the fight promoters of Los Angeles are making matches nowadays, and it would not surprise many close followers of the game if Jimmy took it into his head not to fight at the Southern city.

Britt is matched to meet Herman, but before his fight comes off Frankie Neil and Abe Attell are due to pull off a little scrap that may take some of the edge off of the Britt-Herman battle. Shortly after the Britt-Herman fight the same matchmaker that has the signatures of Britt and Herrera will have Herrera and Nelson as a special attraction.

Unless Britt is assured of a very good house the chances are that he will call the match off.

Britt spoke in no unmeasured terms of the manner in which he was being treated to-day.

"You can say for me," he said, "that I am no preliminary fighter, and never was. I don't propose to be one now."

Although Britt has not trained any, he is in pretty fair shape, and can get ready in a short time for a bout with Herman.

Britt would not say that he was going to call his match off at Los Angeles, but he appeared to be very sore at the numerous matches the Los Angeles people are making.

SAVAGE PUT AWAY TWICE

NEW YORK, April 7.—"Sailor" Burke had to put Jim Savage out twice before he was allowed to claim a victory at the Sharkey A. C. Burke knocked Savage out as clean as a whistle in the second round, but Savage was permitted to rest, and in the third Burke gave him his quietus again.

ANSWERS TO QUERIES.

John L. Sullivan was defeated by Corbett on September 7, 1892. The "Marine" knocked out Dempsey with a pivot blow, first round, giving him the middleweight championship of the world, July 31, 1891.

A Columbian half-dollar, dated 1893, is only worth fifty cents.

COLLEGE GAMES TO-DAY.

Harvard vs. Trinity at Cambridge.
Yale vs. New York Nationals at New York.
Princeton vs. Fordham at Princeton.
Rutgers Agricultural vs. Holy Cross at Worcester.
U. of P. vs. Georgetown at Washington.
Franklin and Marshall vs. Carlisle Indians at Carlisle.
Washington and Lee vs. University of Virginia at Charlottesville.
Niagara at Ithaca.
Naval Academy vs. Johns Hopkins at Annapolis.
Columbia vs. New York University at New York.
Gallaudet vs. George Washington at Washington.
Wesleyan vs. Springfield Training at Middletown.
Brown vs. Manhattan at Providence.
Lehigh vs. Rutgers at Swarthmore.
Union vs. West Point at West Point.

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CROSS WILL LEAD TEAM

A rousing baseball meeting was held by the Gilchrist Company employes, at which a captain and manager for the coming season were elected.

There were over sixty at the meeting, at which H. E. Burgoyne presided. S. J. Cross was elected captain. He twirled for the Newarks, of the Eastern League, and also was with the Haverhill team, champions of 1904.

Joe Curley, two years captain of Brigh ton High, will be the regular backstop. Bill Hopkins, third, and Tom Cross, first base, are old members. "Ted" Connolly, of the Gilchristites, will make one of the positions on the team.

SCHOOL GAMES TO-DAY.

Tech '08 vs. Winchester High at Winchester.
Melrose High vs. Dorchester High at Dorchester.
Charlestown High vs. Hyde Park High at Hyde Park.
Braintree High vs. Milton High at Milton.
Allston-side School vs. Needham High at Needham.
Cambridge Latin vs. Wakefield High at Wakefield.
Dean Academy vs. Watertown High at Franklin.
Cambridge High vs. Boston College at Cambridge.

Notes of the Harness Horses.

After carefully sizing the matter up Fraser Lee McDonald has decided that it is better to take his string of horses to the Dover, N. H., track on April 7 for the early preparation and not the finishing touches on at Readville, where he will "ship in" on June 1. The latter will be late enough to escape the cold east winds, while in the former there are more chances for a big purse over.

Bill Cameron has bought a new trotter. It is a stepper-and gelding by Emperor Wilkes, dam by Alcantara, 2:23, which Cameron has named Alcantara. He is a handsome fellow and will be driven a good deal this season.

W. J. Purbush of West Newton has bought the three-year-old gaiting colt Pepper J. Woodbury by Red Pepper, 2:18¾, from Kansas parties. He stepped an eight in 15½ seconds last season.

The Worcester Driving Club is planning to have an interclub matinee meeting with the Springfield Driving Club during the Summer.

The Dorchester Driving Club members had a very pleasant evening at their stag party. An excellent vaudeville show was given, both professional and amateur, with a collation during the intermission between the acts. Walter E. Newbert in legerdemain was a surprise to his fellow members, they little knew that he had so much up his sleeve.

The Grafton Country Club has decided to omit its customary Summer horse show on account of the disappointment of the horsemen in last year's show. Many high-class horses were shown, but the show always been at the head of the affair. Instead, it is said, there will be a big meeting of the year from his business, and the directors do not like to be compelled to handle the entertainment.

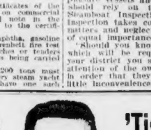
Frank Lang writes from Dayton, Vt., that the pacing mare Kentatic, 2:06¼, has wintered finely, and that she will be entered in the 2:06 class for races to which she is eligible. A pacing stallion by Axtell, 2:12, and a pacing mare by Alcander, 2:23½, are a couple of others he will see the Grafton Ridge trails.

Millard Drinkwater is the owner of the green trotting mare Nasco, 2:18¾, out of the dam Nasco, 2:24¾, and he says that 2:15 will not stop him this year.

E. S. Smith, Hamilton, Mass., will enter his trotting gelding Hamilton Maid, 2:15¾, in the Hamiltonian stake. Smith's colt, Hamilton Trained Jack Wall, won the grand prize.

President C. A. Mayo of the Law Driving Club has sold to Clarence B. Schenck, Hillsdale, Mich., a very handsome pair of trotting horses.

Health Talks With Men No. 3



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Boston American Daily Home Magazine

IF A MAN IS TOO POOR TO WED, SHOULD HE CONFESS HIS LOVE?

Dorothy Dix Says the Man Who Puts His Neck Under the Yoke of a Long Engagement, Juggles With Fate

By Dorothy Dix

THE other day I asked the readers of the BOSTON AMERICAN this question:

Should the man who is in love with a woman, but who is not in a position to marry, tell her of his love, or should he keep silent?

The query has been answered both yes and nay.

This was to be expected, for the problem involves a point of honor and of discretion, on the one hand that there can be honestly as many opinions about it as there are shades of temperament in men and women.

Thus the man who speaks, and binds a woman to himself through an engagement that has no time limit on it, may justify himself on the ground that it is a man's inalienable right to secure to himself the woman he loves, if he can do it.

The man who keeps silent, and quietly removes himself out of the pathway of the woman he loves so that he need be a stumbling block to her, may lay the comforting assurance to his breast that he has chosen the nobler part for her sake, and the more sensible one for himself.

And the woman can either blame or bless, according to her kind, the man who loves her. He knows in the same way for speaking or for holding his peace, that she loves him.

She can think a man worth while and waiting for, or curse the selfishness of him who asks for her heart without offering his hand in return. She may feel that she could have gotten over her affection for a man who never had it, had he not spoken, or the mere knowledge that she was once made ardent love to may console her through a long old maidenhood.

Concerning the expediency of a man marrying before he has some definite and settled way to support a family, there can be but one point of view among some people.

It is worse than folly. It is verging on criminality, they say, for a man to bring children into the world when he cannot be sure that he can keep them from want.

It is a crime against the man's own future. It is a crime against the woman he marries. It is a crime against his unborn children. It is a crime against society at large.

Of course, once in a thousand times such a marriage doesn't end in disaster. It turns out all right, but nobody ought to gamble on such a risk. The odds are too tremendously against him.

Making love to a woman, and even getting engaged to her, are not so serious. They are the preliminary skirmishes before the battle when one may still retreat in good order, and it is precisely because of this state of affairs that it behooves a man to consider long and well before he pops the question.

No one will deny that the situation is a delicate one, and the decision as to what is honest and honorable and kind for the man to do is difficult.

He has been going to see the girl, he has shown her in a thousand ways that she is dear to him, he has spoken to her of love, or should he keep silent?

It is a crime against the girl to let her waste her youth and her beauty in waiting for him when he has no certainty of ever being able to marry her.

He feels that the man who can't marry a girl himself, and keeps her from marrying somebody else, is putting up a pretty good living picture exhibit of the dog in the manger.

Undoubtedly the man who is not ready to marry does a wise and a kind thing to absent himself from the society and the witching glances of a charming woman the minute he begins to perceive that he is beginning to remember the kind of a dress she wears, and that he is thinking of her when he ought to be meditating about the price of salt cod.

It is eminently a case for flight, and hurried flight at that from imminent danger.

He can go then with no harm done either to his own heart or the girl's.

He will heave a sigh for what might have been, and she will salt him away with the memory of her first ball dresses, and both will go their destined ways, and in due course of time marry more eligible people, and tragedy will have been averted.

Not so if they trust to the flimsy bridge of a long engagement to carry them over the yawning chasm of the years that lie between the day when an impecunious suitor tells a woman he loves her and the wedding day. That flimsy structure generally gives way under their feet.

It sounds beautiful and poetic for a woman to say that she will wait for a man until he is able to marry her, and for him to swear to her that he will go somewhere and make his fortune, and return and claim her for his bride.

That always turns out satisfactorily in novels, but ninety-nine times out of a hundred it is a rank failure in real life.

An engagement is far more trying on people's constancy than marriage, and Heaven knows marriage is trying enough.

The very uncertainty of a woman's hold on a man makes her peevish, jealous and exacting. Time will not doesn't grow better looking and more attractive as the years go by.

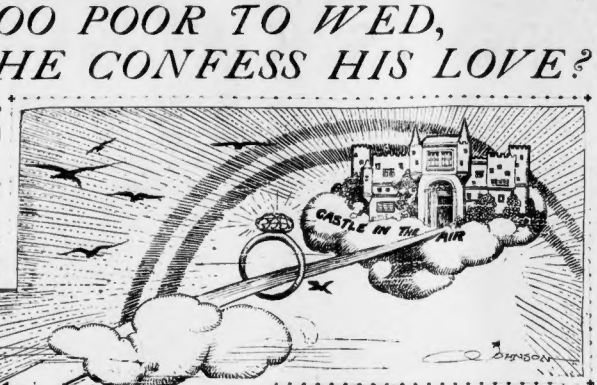
Other men drop her, and she loses that element of popularity, of desirability, that stimulates a man's fancy. Besides this, other people try to wean him away from her.

All this brings about the inevitable result that when a man becomes able to marry the woman to whom he engaged himself, he generally doesn't want her.

He would prefer some one younger, fresher, fairer, more in the position which is his made for himself, but unless he is a cur he is bound to redeem his promise to the woman he has kept all these years from being the happy and contented wife of the man she might have married.

Certainly the man who isn't ready to marry juggles with fate when he tells a woman that he loves her and puts his neck under the yoke of a long engagement.

The long engagement is a bridge that often breaks down or leads only to castles in the air that are never realized



Shall Charles L. Tucker's Sentence Be Commuted?

Save Blanks and Get Friends to Sign Them

IN the deluge of letters received today by the Editor of the Home Page are several requests for long blank petitions from readers who desire to obtain numbers of signers to petitions praying Governor Guild to commute the sentence of Charles L. Tucker.

The accompanying blank will be printed daily, and a good way to conduct an active campaign for or against Tucker is to save these blanks and hand them to friends to sign.

You may be sure that every blank so signed will be respectfully submitted to the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth for his consideration.

The BOSTON AMERICAN prints this blank in order to ascertain public sentiment on both sides of this question of absorbing interest. For this reason these columns are open to any and all for a statement of their views.

Write what you believe and why, briefly; address it to the HOME PAGE EDITOR OF THE BOSTON AMERICAN, and sign the accompanying petition.

To each of the five persons sending the most convincing letters each day the AMERICAN will send a magnificent, handsomely mounted, 12 by 15 photograph of Governor Guild, taken by Pach.

These photographs are superb likenesses—the most finished product of the photographer's art, and would grace any New England home.

Here are some of the letters received to-day:

To His Excellency Curtis Guild, Jr.,

Governor of Massachusetts:

I, the undersigned, respectfully pray that the sentence of Charles L. Tucker to death by electrocution be / be not *commuted to imprisonment for life.*

NAME..... ADDRESS.....

Cross out the words BE or BE NOT.

All of these petitions, whether for or against Tucker, will be forwarded to Governor Guild.

Cut this out, sign it, and send it to the Home Page Editor of the Boston American.

Yesterday's Winners of Governor Guild Photos

DONALD R. PHINNEN, No. 49 Pleasant street, Boston.
T. W. SILLOWAY, No. 10 Park square, Boston.
GEORGE E. HENRY, No. 37 Mechanic street, Worcester.
MAX HENRY NEWMAN, No. 10 Tremont street, Boston.
H. B. BENSON, Hotel Rexford, Boston.

THESE WOULD SAVE TUCKER

A BOY'S APPEAL

EDITOR HOME PAGE:

I am only ten years old, but I pray that Tucker's sentence be commuted to life imprisonment to give him time to prove his innocence.

ERNEST L. McLEOD.
No. 8 Cumberland street, Boston.

NOT CONVINCED

EDITOR HOME PAGE:

I read the papers very carefully and failed to see any evidence to lead me to think Charles Tucker killed Mabel Page. I think Tucker has been a character bad enough to be in reality what he has been described given at his trial.

J. F. THORNE.
No. 50 Piffer street, Lowell.

GIVE HIM A CHANCE

EDITOR HOME PAGE:

I think Charles L. Tucker should live in order to be given a chance to prove his innocence. If he gives proof to that effect the guilty one may be brought to justice. Governor Guild would be mystified in taking his life imprisonment to give more time to find the real murderer of Mabel Page.

EDWARD C. YOUNG.
No. 8 Flagg street, Woburn.

WOULD SAVE HIM

EDITOR HOME PAGE:

I believe the sentence of Charles L. Tucker should be commuted to life imprisonment to give him a chance to prove his innocence of the crime. I do not believe he murdered Mabel Page, and I do not think the evidence at his trial was sufficient to convict him, and I sincerely hope Governor Guild will be mystified and save him from an ignominious death.

E. R. HUDGINS.
No. 6 Wrentham street, Ashmont.

IS UNFORTUNATE

EDITOR HOME PAGE:

I sign the enclosed petition for executive clemency to Charles L. Tucker for the following reasons:

I believe that the poorest use the State can make of any man is to legally murder him. I believe that Governor Robert L. Ingersoll that "Justice should remove the bandage from her eyes long enough to distinguish between the victims and the unfortunate." Tucker belongs to the last named class there can be little doubt. Because it is possible under the present system of criminal procedure to convict an innocent person, especially when he, as in this case, that man lacks money and influential friends.

HAMILTON.
No. 24 Winthrop street, Roxbury.

ALL SOCIETY PROTESTS

EDITOR HOME PAGE:

I sign the petition with the invitation of the BOSTON AMERICAN to express the sentiments of the public in regard to the execution of Charles L. Tucker. I take this opportunity to express my feelings. What are laws for? Certainly not to crush out one's life. Having followed the trial quite closely, I failed to find evidence enough to convince me that Tucker was guilty of the crime charged to him. My most particular reason for voting against the execution of the condemned is because all society cries out against such barbarous acts, and this sentiment, sincerely believe, will ultimately prevail.

GEORGE O. WENTWORTH.
Town Clerk of Stoughton.

THESE WANT HIM TO DIE

LAW IS MERCIFUL

EDITOR HOME PAGE:

Now that your columns are open for the publication of their opinion in regard to Tucker, I wish to state that I do not approve his sentence being commuted to life imprisonment, because by doing so he will have a chance to seek pardon from some future Governor, and then public safety will again be endangered by having a convicted murderer at large. Therefore, I trust that Governor Guild will not interfere with the law, which is just and merciful to all.

J. F. LaFARGE.
Boston.

BOTH WAYS

EDITOR HOME PAGE:

Ignorance as it may seem, I believe Tucker should suffer electrocution, although I am heartily opposed to the death penalty. He is a dirty fiend and convicted and there seems to be no reason for not following the law—not changing it.

I hope enclosed petition against Tucker will be presented to Governor Guild. In Tucker's instance, he should take the course now followed by the President of the United States when he was Governor of New York State.

"PURITAN."
Fall River.

CALLS IT HYSTERIA

EDITOR HOME PAGE:

So much has been said about Charles L. Tucker and why he should not die the electric chair that it seems to me not out of place for a word for the other side of the story. Charles Tucker's case was considered by a jury with which Tucker's counsel was satisfied. For nearly six weeks they did nothing else but listen to the evidence and testimony, careful and intelligent American citizens, they weighed this evidence carefully and passed judgment. Why should not that judgment be accepted. They found him guilty of a crime deserving the capital punishment. There is no reason why this young man should not suffer as others who have been found guilty have suffered for their crimes. Should hysterical sympathy and the cries of women who seem to have forgotten that one of their sisters was murdered, be allowed to interfere with punishment that fits the crime?

"W. B."
Dorchester.

LEST WE FORGET

EDITOR HOME PAGE:

I believe that Charles Louis Tucker should suffer death for the brutal murder of Mabel Page. That he was found guilty by a jury of premeditated murder and all of the courts of the country decided that he should not have a new trial should convince any fair-minded person that he is guilty and that the law should take its course.

In a moment like this people are prone to forget the tragedy that took place in Weston two years ago. Mabel Page and not an enemy in the world. She had a right to live out the life that God had given her, and yet she was struck down by the knife of a vile assassin. The courts, the highest tribunal of the people, declare that Tucker wielded the deadly knife.

The consensus of the best opinion of the country is that for the good of the whole people a deliberate murderer should be punished by death. Why, then, should such a fiend as that done by Tucker be condoned by executive clemency?

CHARLES ANDERSON.
Brighton.

Good and Bad Ways to Cook Vegetables

"IT is curious," said a French woman (don't take low vegetables taste—most of the other day, "how fond of vegetables—probably because we don't know how tables Americans are, and how they ought to taste.

We learn to cook them properly in France at an elaborate dinner not be added until vegetables have be we have sometimes only three vegetables, gun to cook. Carrots, beets, potatoes, and two of them will probably be served cook separately, vegetables are better for not ceremoniously as special courses. Each vegetable is a chef d'oeuvre in its way, no matter how simply it is prepared. It is perfect of copy occasionally. It will improve the kind.

In the country even the cheap boarding house boasts four or five vegetables for dinner. The patrons would not be satisfied with less, and the landlady knows it. They would rather have five watery, soggy, tasteless vegetables than one or two properly cooked, the same rule should be added just as the vegetables are being taken up, or to the sauce or thrown butter that is sometimes served on them.

"I have found this true all over America. You have such an abundance of vegetables, and they are cheap, too, and you all know how to cook them. Almost all vegetables are better for being blanched, especially Brussels sprouts, cabbage, turnips and cauliflower right, although we hate to admit it. We than foolhardiness.

It is a crime against the man's own future. It is a crime against the woman he marries. It is a crime against his unborn children. It is a crime against society at large.

Of course, once in a thousand times such a marriage doesn't end in disaster. It turns out all right, but nobody ought to gamble on such a risk. The odds are too tremendously against him.

Making love to a woman, and even getting engaged to her, are not so serious. They are the preliminary skirmishes before the battle when one may still retreat in good order, and it is precisely because of this state of affairs that it behooves a man to consider long and well before he pops the question.

No one will deny that the situation is a delicate one, and the decision as to what is honest and honorable and kind for the man to do is difficult.

He has been going to see the girl, he has shown her in a thousand ways that she is dear to him, he has spoken to her of love, or should he keep silent?

It is a crime against the girl to let her waste her youth and her beauty in waiting for him when he has no certainty of ever being able to marry her.

He feels that the man who can't marry a girl himself, and keeps her from marrying somebody else, is putting up a pretty good living picture exhibit of the dog in the manger.

Undoubtedly the man who is not ready to marry does a wise and a kind thing to absent himself from the society and the witching glances of a charming woman the minute he begins to perceive that he is beginning to remember the kind of a dress she wears, and that he is thinking of her when he ought to be meditating about the price of salt cod.

It is eminently a case for flight, and hurried flight at that from imminent danger.

He can go then with no harm done either to his own heart or the girl's.

He will heave a sigh for what might have been, and she will salt him away with the memory of her first ball dresses, and both will go their destined ways, and in due course of time marry more eligible people, and tragedy will have been averted.

Not so if they trust to the flimsy bridge of a long engagement to carry them over the yawning chasm of the years that lie between the day when an impecunious suitor tells a woman he loves her and the wedding day. That flimsy structure generally gives way under their feet.

It sounds beautiful and poetic for a woman to say that she will wait for a man until he is able to marry her, and for him to swear to her that he will go somewhere and make his fortune, and return and claim her for his bride.

That always turns out satisfactorily in novels, but ninety-nine times out of a hundred it is a rank failure in real life.

An engagement is far more trying on people's constancy than marriage, and Heaven knows marriage is trying enough.

The very uncertainty of a woman's hold on a man makes her peevish, jealous and exacting. Time will not doesn't grow better looking and more attractive as the years go by.

Other men drop her, and she loses that element of popularity, of desirability, that stimulates a man's fancy. Besides this, other people try to wean him away from her.

All this brings about the inevitable result that when a man becomes able to marry the woman to whom he engaged himself, he generally doesn't want her.

He would prefer some one younger, fresher, fairer, more in the position which is his made for himself, but unless he is a cur he is bound to redeem his promise to the woman he has kept all these years from being the happy and contented wife of the man she might have married.

Certainly the man who isn't ready to marry juggles with fate when he tells a woman that he loves her and puts his neck under the yoke of a long engagement.

The long engagement is a bridge that often breaks down or leads only to castles in the air that are never realized

JACK HARKAWAY'S SON

CHAPTER XXV.

In a Common Death

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ONE of the men who was told off to guard him every afternoon for a couple of hours was a good natured chap, whom Jack very soon found to be a graduate of New York University, and in the course of the life he was leading, and into which he had been impressed against his will.

Jack found this man careless talk on all sorts of subjects, Jack gradually drew him into conversation about the wonderful watch with which Hunston was equipped, and day after day the young fellow would reveal some new secret of her construction and operation.

"Isn't there a single limit to be found with this paragon of craft?" asked Jack one day as he paced the deck with his guard, who was fully armed and kept close at his side lest he might attempt violence.

"Just one thing," answered the young sailor. "It seems to me that if I had been building her I would have protected her ammunition holds better. Of course, with the improvements she already has, it would be unwise to complicate her machinery further, but still, think of what would happen if any one should fire a pistol down one of the openings you may have noticed near the four heavy guns forward and aft."

"Why," said Jack, "you don't mean to say those are open to the bottom?"

"That's what I do," said the young man. "If a bullet should be discharged down one of those ammunition tubes it would strike fair on the bottom of the ship, and it wouldn't be one chance in a thousand of anybody aboard this boat ever seeing shore again."

"Thank heaven," said Jack to himself. For then and there he had lighted upon a safe and practicable sure means of ridding the earth of a dangerous criminal.

Of course it meant his own death, but then, what did it matter as long as his young wife and little son were considered and a plot had been formed to convict him of their murder?

For a long time he was absorbed in thought.

No other way out of the predicament presented itself.

Unless Hunston was telling the truth about the awful charge against him, he would have left him to die with the victims of the Greenland disaster.

He did not doubt for a moment that the old fox had settled upon the most diabolical revenge imaginable, and meant to enjoy the excruciating suffering which he knew Jack must undergo in the days soon to come.

But, once again, he had failed to estimate the real value the courage of Jack Harkaway, of the lamb energy that enabled him to overcome all difficulties which probably no other man would have faced without nervous tics.

Here was Jack's plan:

The following afternoon, as he paced the deck, he would spring upon his guard, and before anyone could stop him he would have sent a bullet into the pile of ammunition below.

If one bullet did not do the work they would have no chance to stop him before he had fired again and again if need be, and he was sure of succeeding.

True to his plan, Jack watched his opportunity as he lay moaned.

The young sailor was talking about New York, and thinking of nothing less than what Jack contemplated.

Well aft then stood when Jack struck him suddenly, and before the falling man struck the deck he had snatched the heavy revolver from the belt.

A quick aspect, and with his finger on the trigger Jack aimed the weapon down the ammunition hatch.

His instant would all be over.

With a silent prayer on his lips he pressed the trigger.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Some Things for Girls to Learn

THAT 100 cents make one dollar.

How to wear a simple muslin dress and to wear it like a queen.

How to sew on buttons, darn stockings and mend gloves.

To dress for health and comfort, as well as for appearance.

To arrange the parlor and the library.

To love and cultivate flowers.

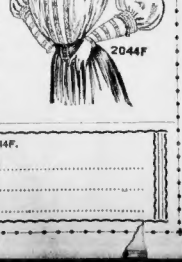
To have a place for everything and to put everything in its place.

To say no and mean it, and to say yes and to stick to it.

To pay regard to the character of those you would associate with, and not to how much money they have.

Hearst's Boston American Pattern

LADIES' SHIRT WAIST



No. 2,044F.—So many women like to appear "dressed up" when they take off their suit jackets for luncheon, dinner or theater that it is well worth while to have several pretty blouses made in designs that will help them to give this desired appearance.

In our sketch the waist is made of rose silk, which is very cool and easily laundered. The fulness is given by means of shirring at the shoulders and the sleeves are also shirred on the cuffs. Lace insertion makes a very dainty trimming for the front of the blouse, cuffs and high collar.

For a woman of medium size 3¼ yards of material 36 inches wide are needed in working out this pattern.

Cut in sizes 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust measure.

To obtain this pattern, postpaid, send 10 cents and the size, name and address to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT., P. O. Box 290, Boston, Mass.

No. 2,044F.

F

Name

S

Advice to Anxious Sweethearts

By Beatrice Fairfax

BASHFUL, PERHAPS

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I have known a young man for the past year, and occasionally we go to some place of amusement together. I think he has a great deal of sense, but not know if the feeling is reciprocated. I am when we go out together he speaks very little, although he is a very good scholar and I try my best to draw his attention to some topic or another. He is very quiet, but attractive, and then he seems to lose interest for the time being. We will see again until we have reached our destination. You know of any way in which I could draw him out of himself, and so you think my conversation displeases him, and why does he take me out if it does?

DON'T you think that he is bashful, perhaps? It is rather hard to have to keep up the entire conversation, and I should think you would grow rather tired of it. Of course, he likes you, or he would not call on you so often. I think his silence merely indicates an inability to talk. As you grow to know him better he may talk more.

Your Face

May be wrinkled, freckled or covered with pimples. Whatever the trouble, remember thousands of similar cases have been relieved by the Woodbury Method.

JOHN H. WOODBURY DERMATOLOGICAL INSTITUTE,
(Dept. PA) 58 Winter St., Boston.

IMMENSE "HIT," ONLY 15c

One of the greatest songs of sentiment written since "Just Call Mother and the Other Home Sweet Home" is now published by the famous composer of the greatest "hit" ever written. Everybody knows the song, "Just Call Mother and the Other Home Sweet Home," however, all the copyrights gained from the sale of this song were lost by the composer, who, however, with as real genius value and understanding of human nature, has written a new song. The place has a beautiful corner design printed in it, and you can cut out the coupon and send it to the Music Dept., N. Y. Journal, 1788 Broadway, N. City, and they will send you a copy. They are going to offer for a few days only this song at 15c per copy. Cut out coupon and send it to-day. All out and return the following coupon AT ONCE, and this coupon entitles you to one copy. TO-DAY you forget it.

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Please send me one (regularly listed at 25c) copy of "One Called Mother and the Other Home Sweet Home," for which I enclose 15c.

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BEGIN TO-DAY A THRILLING ROMANCE OF PRESENT-DAY LIFE "SHADOWS OF NEW YORK."

A Still More Fascinating Tale of Love and Hate, Life and Death, from the Pen of Sidney Warwick, Author of "The Hidden Marriage."

CHAPTER I.

The Shadow of the Night

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"ROSAMUND!"

The theatre was pouring out its audience into crowded Broadway, and the man who called himself John March came to a dead stop with this exclamation on his lips. The unexpected sight of the girl whose name he had uttered, emerging from the brilliantly lighted theatre, had startled him out of all power of thought that, to judge by the look on his face a moment before, could hardly have been pleasant.

"Rosamund!" he whispered to himself again in a curiously eager voice, as he stood back among the little knot who lingered by the theatre doors watching the audience come out, with eyes riveted on the girl's face.

The girl was beautiful enough, with her great gray eyes and the masses of dark hair growing low on the broad, white brow, to make the most careless stranger look at her a second time, but she was not a stranger to John March, though he shrank back in the shadow instead of claiming recognition.

Four years ago the winsome, tired mouth had often smiled greeting at his coming, and there had been times when he dared to tell himself that the soft depths of her eyes had lighted up with something more than friendship when they met. But that belonged to four years ago, and now—

Now John March stood back where she could not see him, as he watched her with a sort of hungry eagerness and knew that he was utterly outside the horizon of her life as any stranger in the moving crowd about him, blurred by the murky haze into scarcely distinguishable shadows.

She lingered for a moment just within the threshold, while the carriage porter called a hansom, a dainty, girlish figure, with a theatre cloak of palest coral over it, with white fur over her shoulders. The hood had fallen back from the rippling waves of her hair—hair that John March remembered seemed to have caught and imprisoned wandering threads of gold.

Strange Contrast.—The elderly man with her, with his erect bearing and iron-gray mustache, was her father, Robert Wynter. The third member of the party, a younger man, March did not know.

This man's eyes were bent intently on the girl's face, and Rosamund was laughing at something he had just said, and John March was conscious of a sudden jealous pang.

Then he gave a bitter laugh at his own folly. What right had he to feel jealous? Even though he had once dreamed of asking this girl to be his wife, he was as far removed from her nowadays as though the whole world rolled between them.

A little distance from him a board fence enclosed a half-erected building, and upon it, exactly under the glare of one of the blazing arc lamps, bespattered with mud from passing vehicles, was a great poster in yellow of a dancing girl.

Under the posturing figure was the name Zingara.

John March's eyes rested on it with an odd frown for a moment before they returned to the smiling girl at the theatre entrance. The idea that he of all men should feel jealous because Rosamund Wynter, to whom he had been as dead for four years, smiled on a spider in her companion!

For the woman in yellow who simpered down from the billboard was John March's wife.

The girl said goodbye to the younger man; then she and her father were whirled away in the hansom. March's eyes followed it out of sight; then turned and encountered on the corner of Forty-second street the woman as if in fascination.

With the girl's face making a vivid picture in his mind, with all the old memories the image stirred quickening his pulse, memories of the time before he had completed the experiment that had found him to a woman as beautiful as a painted doll, and as soulless, how could he bring himself to go back tonight to the old familiar wrangling and dreary, cold silence, to the sordid setting of his life as it was now?

"Why did fate bring us together again tonight?" he muttered impatiently—"to torture me with vain memories, that perhaps a stronger man could fight down into the grave of forgetfulness?

"And yet, Rosamund," he added, softly to himself, "I wonder would I have missed that glimpse of your beautiful face, the lamplight on your face, even if I could, for all the sharp pangs of remembrance it brought?

"It was something to see you again, dear, if only for a moment, to hear your voice, even though you had forgotten me long ago."

In Sad Ease.—John March pulled himself together with an impatient snapping of the jaw and strolled down in the direction of Lexington avenue—home.

A tall man of thirty, with a strong, rather striking face, that was attractive still, though the lines of weariness had hardened the expression into one of habitual sternness.

His cast with its evidence of long wear and tear, its signs of shabby extravagance, were hardly apparent yet even in his shabby clothes. John March was a gentleman with an air.

Zingara's husband knew but little of woman; no one could see him and doubt that, whatever else he was, he was a gentleman, so his own folly, had made him acquainted with.

He paused before a great block of buildings near Forty-second street—an old place that had been converted into flats and offices. The Marches occupied a flat on the third floor.

John March went slowly up the dark stairs, wondering if he would find his wife at home. Zingara's last turn at the theatre was over by 10, but she often went out to sup with some of the Bohemian friends, artistic folk, who had welcomed her after drinking more champagne than was good for her body and spare income.

He had been away from home for two or three days on business. His parting from his wife had been marked by an ugly quarrel of her making; he knew by experience that his return would probably be the signal for its renewal.

He walked across the dimly lighted hall and lit the gas. The shady yellow glare diffused itself around the many colorings and ugly with the cheap, tawdry furnishings of Zingara's cheering, but it would do for the present.

Bitter Thoughts.—On the table stood an array of empty beer bottles and glasses, a litter of cigarette ends and ashes, and a couple of packs of cards scattered over the table games. This was his home!

With unspeakable disgust written in his face John March crossed the room and threw open the window. Then he flung himself into an easy chair and stared into nothing, and all at once his thoughts shot back to the girl he had left at the theatre door, and its present life—Rosamund Wynter.

Rosamund Rosamund!" he whispered to himself in the little words of a prayer, and his eyes were suddenly blinded to that dreadful present, and he saw again the sweep of hills and valleys, purple and red and gold, with their shades of misty blue lying in the hollows, and the waving golden fields of corn, and the rolling white dust that would fall in a cloud behind the hand and solitary four horses of years ago.

He refused to believe she loved him then, this slim, beautiful girl of nineteen; but he had known his own love, he had felt it had been his hot strength his fingers like water—cards and the cup and the dice and bottle.

And now—now that her Rosamund made no sensible noise on the beaten road to ruin, awakened him to find that the love of his youth was still there irretrievable

But only one thing could save him from the ruin.

If he could bring off that coup over the Brighton Handicap, for which the favorite horse entered, heavily backed; that would give him the huge sum he needed, and he would be able to ask Rosamund to be his wife by that time Zingara's name had won.

Once a ruined gambler's last coup ever came off! This man's had not. He was ruined already, and he knew it. And from her he loved without a sigh. He had loved her well enough to leave her.

Thus John March had "gone under." He had dropped so completely out of the world that had known him—that had flattered and toadied much of him in the days of his prosperity, and would probably have turned their backs on a ruined man as a pebble in the road.

It was during those four years that he had first met Zingara. How had he been fool enough to be married her? Certainly she had never loved him. He had been flattered by her notice for her! Rosamund, the thought of whom had been mingling with her a curious gold, buried in New York by a banal advertisement, singing in a hall in Fourteenth street, where he had knocked down a man who had insulted her.

In the end he had married her.

After all, he had told himself, the one woman he loved could never be his wife, and with the cutting adrift from all his old friends he was feeling horribly alone.

He married her, and before the honeymoon was over he realized that his last had been his maddest folly.

Sickening Shame.—Her face was handsome enough, if in a somewhat coarse way, and he had been a fool to be dazzled by its beauty. His parting from his wife had been marked by an ugly quarrel of her making; he knew by experience that his return would probably be the signal for its renewal.

He walked across the dimly lighted room

EDITORIAL PAGE OF **HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN** SATURDAY, APRIL 7

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, APRIL 7, 1906

President Eliot and the Blood Corpuscle

The Racing Corpuscle Is the More Interesting President Eliot's Mental Course Is Run

President Eliot, respected head of Harvard University, has declared against municipal ownership and government ownership. He opposes these ideas in the domain of practical politics in the old words of objection, so familiar to all who read.

Some of our readers think that Dr. Eliot should be denounced for denying what is palpably true. And others think there must be some objection to municipal ownership since so learned a man opposes it.

President Eliot need not be criticised unkindly because he rejects the truth—or rather fails to see that it IS the truth. President Eliot's opposition to ownership by the people OF THE PEOPLE'S OWN PROPERTY simply has no meaning whatever, and need disturb nobody's peace of mind.

The fact is that among old men a certain number are incapable of assimilating new ideas.

In youth, when the mind is flexible, and has not settled into fixed habits of thought, or becomes settled in its own opinions, new suggestions are taken up eagerly.

Later the mind, working with great force on its own lines, rendering to humanity great service based on experience, IS NO LONGER ELASTIC, no longer open to the NEW truth.

Fortunately, this is not as common in our day as it used to be. In America especially you find the old men with minds young and vigorous. But you do see sometimes—in the case of Dr. Eliot of Harvard, for instance—that peculiar ossifying process which affects thought in old age.

As has been said, this objection of NEW truths by men that are old is less common now than it used to be. Are you aware that when Harvey discovered and announced the circulation of the blood all doctors over forty years of age refused to accept his discovery?

Nowadays the circulation of the blood is taken so much for granted that it is hard for us to believe that men ever doubted it. But they DID doubt it. They thought that the blood in the body was stationary, like the juice in the orange.

The wise-looking doctor would bleed a man on the LEFT side to-day and on the RIGHT side to-morrow, so as to keep the blood "evenly distributed" in his body.

Certain geniuses, it is true—Shakespeare, for instance, and many others—seem to have known in a vague way that the blood DID circulate through the body, moved by the heart. You remember one of Shakespeare's characters, who speaks of his wife, who was as dear to him as are "the ruddy drops that visit my sad heart."

Harvey, when he announced his discovery to the world, was saddened to have it rejected contemptuously by all the old and wise and honored doctors past forty.

If you, Mr. Reader, had lived in that day, had heard the circulation of the blood spoken of as a NEW truth and then had heard every gray-haired, gray-whiskered doctor denounce the idea as folly, you would have been disturbed and doubtful JUST AS YOU ARE NOW, when you hear wise old Dr. Eliot declare that government ownership is dangerous.

Since we have drifted into this mention of the blood circulating, let us go a little farther with it, and drop Dr. Eliot. How much do you know about that wonderful, life-giving rush of the blood through your body every second of your life from birth to death?

Think what a wonderful machine that heart is, beating every moment while you live, sending the blood to the lungs, to be purified by the fresh air, then sending the blood to every distant cell, carrying food and electric force to every one of the hundreds of millions of separate eating, breathing and digesting cells that make up your body.

Every drop of blood in your body, at the ordinary heart beat, travels at the rate of two hundred and seven yards a minute, or seven miles an hour.

As you walk slowly along, covering, perhaps, three miles in an hour, the small red corpuscle in your blood has traveled more than two miles to your one, feeding you, nourishing you, carrying all through the body the food and force of which the blood is made.

In a year this little red drop of blood will travel six thousand, three hundred and twenty miles.

If it were possible for the same blood corpuscle to remain with us throughout all our lives, that corpuscle, in a man eighty years of age, would have traveled during his life-time many hundreds of thousands of miles.

That is more interesting than Dr. Eliot and his ideas on municipal ownership, isn't it?

Of course, everything in our bodies is constantly renewed and our blood corpuscle of to-day had no existence as such one year or even one month ago.

Once every seven years at least the entire body is changed so that OF YOU, the human being walking around now, absolutely nothing existed seven years ago except the mysterious, animating force that we call the soul.

Hair, skin, heart, bones, liver, everything has gone and been replaced—everything except that soul which gives you your character and purpose.

Truly we are "fearfully and wonderfully made."

By the way, don't make the mistake of looking disrespectfully at those exceptions among the old men who refuse to take in the new ideas. As the INDIVIDUAL needs caution in his life, SO THE HUMAN RACE MUST HAVE CAUTION REPRESENTED IN ITS ORGANIZATION.

See how wisely nature distributes our various functions. Only the old man can possibly have experience stored away—so it is his duty to give men the benefit of long observation and study.

ONLY THE YOUNG MAN CAN LIVE LONG ENOUGH TO REALIZE THE NEW IDEA, to make it a reality.

It would be a waste of time to torment the old by forcing them to ...t and worry themselves with things that they can never REALIZE. ...ore it is a merciful arrangement which enables the old conscien... to reject disturbing new factors, leaving that work for those ... with plenty of time ahead to deal with the new.

IN JUNGLE SOCIETY

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HERE COMES THAT SWELL RHINO LET'S SPLASH HIM!
HOW CAN I GET ACROSS?
WAIT,- WE'LL LAY A STONE FOR YOU TO STEP ON!
COME HERE MONK, HELP ME!
THERE YOU ARE, OLD MAN!
Geo Mager

The Monkeys Help Mr. Rhino Across the River

Secretary Olin's Decision as to the Coal Trust

It Is a Signal Moral Victory for the People of Boston—Time Will Show Whether or Not It Is an ACTUAL Triumph.

Secretary of the Commonwealth Olin, having heard the evidence presented before him by the BOSTON AMERICAN to show that the Metropolitan Coal Company of Boston, better known as the Boston Coal Trust, had taken advantage of the miners' strike to increase prices extortionately, has given a decision in favor of the people. He has suspended the license of the company to do business in Massachusetts.

The company will appeal, of course, from his decision to the courts; the case will drag along, and in due time a judicial opinion will establish whether this moral victory for the people is a REAL triumph or not. In the mean time, pending the hearing on the appeal, the Trust will continue to sell coal at such prices as its managers can get.

The BOSTON AMERICAN'S hearing, which the able attorney for the Trust called an "opera bouffe," and which he and the officials of the company affected to find very amusing, accomplished several valuable things.

It secured from a high official the judicial opinion that the Trust WAS guilty of extortion.

It started the machinery that will determine whether the law under which the case was brought is of any value.

IT BROUGHT ABOUT THE DECLARATION BY THE COAL COMPANY THAT THE BIG COAL TRUST, WHICH HAD BEEN TALKING SO HYPOCRITICALLY OF THE NEEDLESS INCREASE IN PRICE—THE OPERATORS NOT HAVING RAISED THE COST TO THE DEALERS—WAS ACTUALLY HOLDING ALL ITS MILLIONS OF TONS OF COAL AND REFUSING TO SELL A POUND TO ANYONE.

The law providing that the punishment for extortion shall be forfeiture of the right to do business in the State may not be much of a law. It was passed, as was so well said at the hearing, "when the people of the Commonwealth were not looking." It may amount to what it purports to amount to, or it may be so much waste paper. The courts will now have an opportunity of showing us which of these alternatives is true.

In the mean time, the BOSTON AMERICAN'S fight in the interest of the poor of Boston has done this:

If the law is sound, a victory has been won against the arrogance and greed of the Trust.

If the law is unsound, Massachusetts will know it, and that, also, in these days when Legislators throw such sops to the community, is something of a victory.

Little Editorials from the People

WANTS A PUBLIC DEMONSTRATION AGAINST COAL DEALERS

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

There should be a public demonstration in reference to this foul infernal act of the coal dealers, and their barefaced hypocrisy in their attempt to claim that the increase in the price of coal is for the benefit of the poor. When they sell coal to the poor at cost or at a small profit the public may listen to their pretended excuses, but not till their deeds agrees with their professions. Should the public interested secure Faneuil Hall for April 10th and have some ringing speeches, followed by a procession? Such a manifestation would be appropriate for that day, and I believe would give Boston the greatest procession it has seen for years. Properly suggested by the AMERICAN, I believe every city in the old Bay State would follow suit. If the law cannot reach and punish them, at least let them feel the scorn of an outraged public. Every person connected, directly or indirectly, in causing the advance in the price of coal should be ostracised and shunned as we would a leper.

"EVERETT."

"DON'T GO TO SLEEP"

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Your editorial upon "Going to Sleep" applies most forcibly upon municipal ownership. Unless the men who are thus interested are up and doing, wide awake, attending to the business of municipal ownership, the Rand Rees, in their own interests, will entrank and get control of the gas question. Hurry up. Concentrate the municipal ownership problem upon gas light or electric light ownership. Let us have light, if the trusts will not let us have heat. Rouse up, sirs!

HOUSEHOLDER.

West Roxbury, Mass.

WOULDN'T IT MAKE YOU MAD?

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1. After you had looked for an honest man in the United States Senate, and you had about given it up—

2. And you had finally seen two men at a distance whose backs had an honest look—

3. And you had pursued them eagerly—

4. If your search resulted [illegible] SWOGGLE you?

The City's Compensation

By Wex Jones

NOW to hoary head and lisper
Comes the wiling Springtime whisper,
Hinting dimly of the magic in the field.
And the mockery and pity
Of the sunshine in the city:
And ah, but city hearts are fain to yield!
For to spend the sappy season
In the streets seems barest treason
When old Mother Earth is calling sweet and low;
So brains grow dull and rusty,
And tempers quick and crusty,
And hearts just long to go, go, go.

YET there's lots to cheer the feller
Who's by chance a city dweller,
Now that dust has come to take the place of slush.
He may miss the Spring elation,
Still he finds some compensation
In the grinding daily race and rack and rush.
All the flowers of the forests
Cannot match the city florist's
Who conjures an acre's essence in a bunch;
And the sight of landskips bleating
Isn't half so good as eating
The playful little things—with mint—for lunch.

NOR can bloomy April render
Half a little of the splendor
That irradiates the town from Easter hats.
Oh, the country's pretty flossy,
Yet it should not grow too bossy,
For it cannot kick the city in the slats!
Nay; for last and most ecstatic
Is the joy of the fanatic
When he hears the early umpire's soulful call;
For the city puts it over
All the land of corn and clover
In the cream of Spring enjoyment—big League ball.

The present point of time is all thou hast;
The future doubtful, and the former past.

WALTER HARTE.